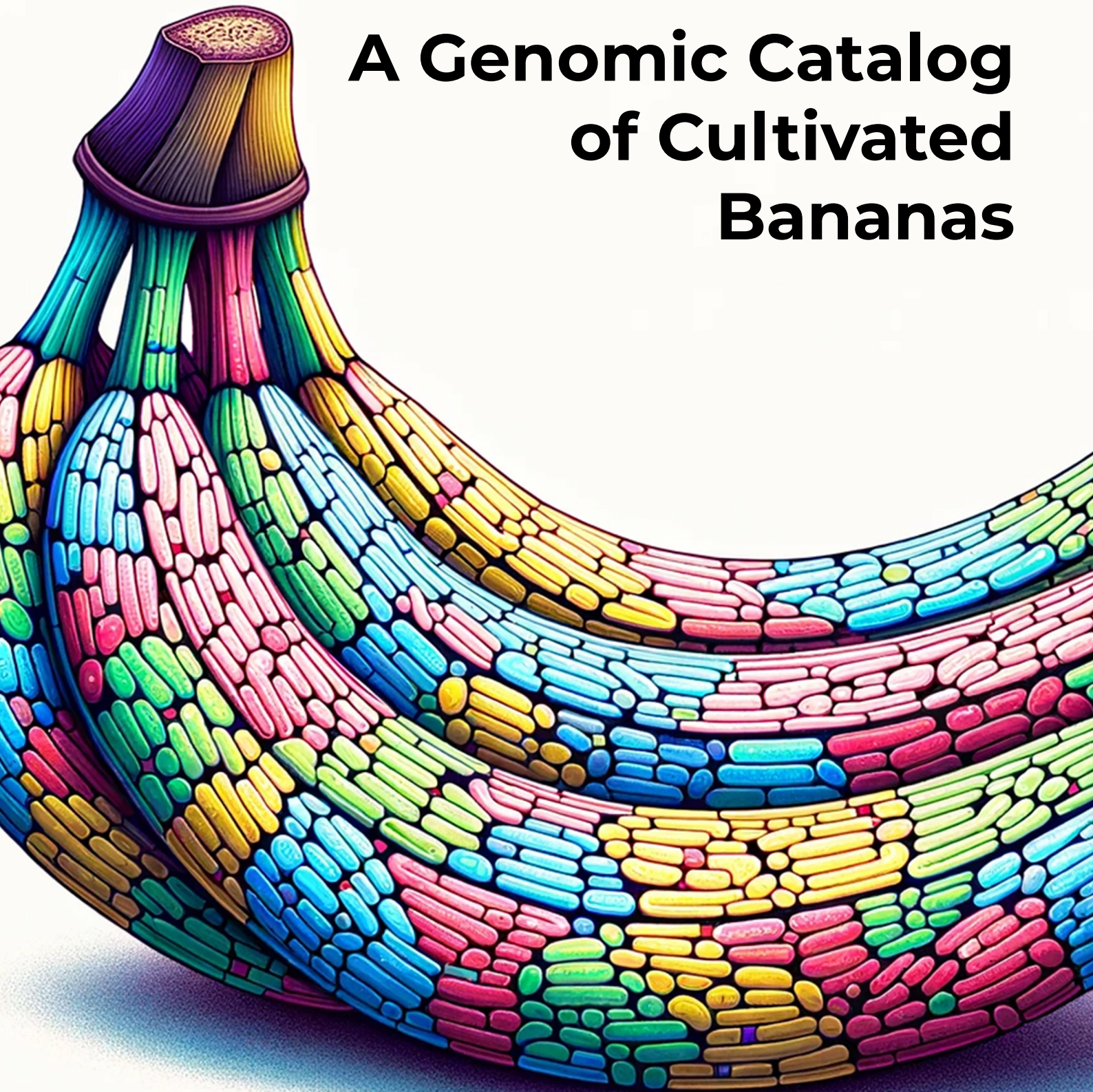


A Genomic Catalog of Cultivated Bananas



The Alliance of Bioversity International and the International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) delivers research-based solutions that harness agricultural biodiversity and sustainably transform food systems to improve people's lives. Alliance solutions address the global crises of malnutrition, climate change, biodiversity loss, and environmental degradation.

The Alliance is part of CGIAR, a global research partnership for a food-secure future.

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www.cgiar.org

MusaNet is the global collaborative framework for *Musa* related research and a partnership of all key stakeholders, aiming to ensure the long-term conservation and increased use of *Musa* diversity globally.

<https://musanet.org/>

CIRAD is the French agricultural research and cooperation organization working for the sustainable development of tropical and Mediterranean regions.

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A Genomic Catalog of Cultivated Bananas



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Contents

Introduction	3
Methodology	3
CULTIVAR GROUPS	5
AA genomic composition.....	6
Mchare group	6
Pisang Jari Buaya group	7
Pisang Lilin group.....	8
Sucrier group	9
AAA genomic composition	10
Cavendish group.....	10
Gros Michel group.....	11
Red group.....	12
Mutika/Lujugira group	13
Ilalyi group	14
Ambon group	15
Orotava group	16
Rio group.....	17
Ibota group	18
AB genomic composition.....	19
Ney poovan	19
Kunnan	20
AAB genomic composition	21
Plantain group.....	21
Maia Maoli/Popoulu group.....	22
Iholena group	23
Laknau group	24
Pome group	25
Mysore group.....	26
Silk group.....	27
Pisang Raja group.....	28
ABB genomic composition.....	29
Pisang Awak group (3x)	29
Pisang Awak group (4x)	30
Bluggoe group	31
Monthan group	32
Ney Mannan group.....	33
Peya group.....	34
Kalapua group.....	35
Klue Tiparod group.....	36
Pelipita group.....	37

MORPHOLOGICALLY SIMILAR TO CULTIVAR GROUPS**39**

Similar to Mutika/Lujugira.....	40
Kikundi cluster	40
Luhulole cluster	41
Similar to Plantain	42
Kupulik cluster	42
Mnalouki	43
Similar to Maoli-Popoulu	44
Wan Gevi cluster	44
Buka Kiakiau	45
Ruango Block cluster	46
Similar to Iholena.....	47
Rukumamb Tambey cluster	47
Arawa cluster	48

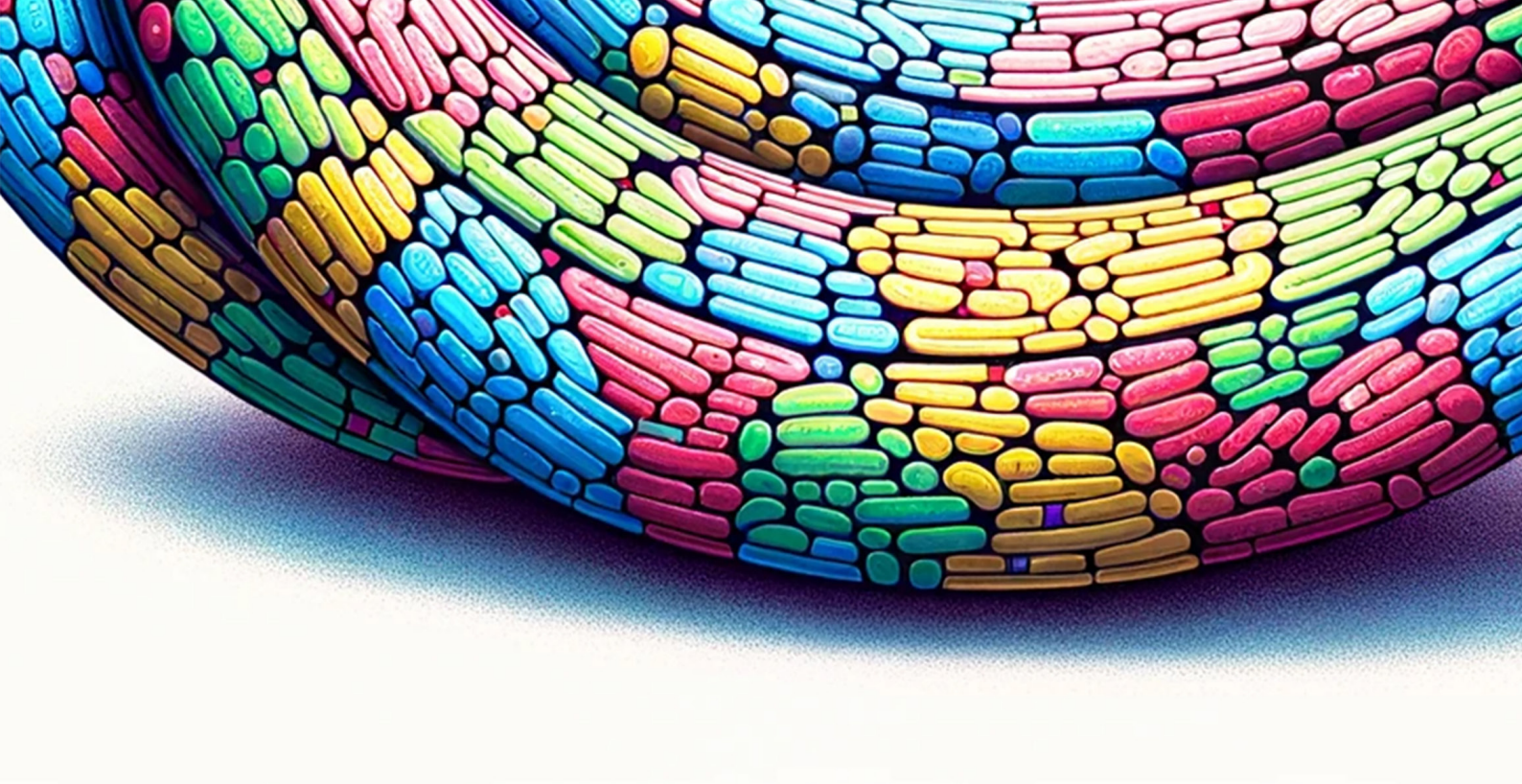
MORPHOLOGICALLY DISTINCT CLUSTERS**51**

AA genomic composition.....	52
Bata Bata cluster	52
Talasea cluster.....	53
Te'engi cluster	54
ABBT genomic composition	55
Buka cluster	55

INDIVIDUAL ACCESSIONS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST**57**

AA genomic composition.....	58
Khai Na On	58
Manang.....	59
Matti.....	60
Pisang Madu	61
Pisang Pipit	62
AAS genomic composition.....	63
Toitoi.....	63
AAB genomic composition	64
La	64
Pisang Slendang	65
ABB genomic composition.....	66
Auko	66
Choi Mit.....	67
Ya Ta Na Thin kha.....	68
ABX genomic composition.....	69
Chuoi Xi Mon.....	69
AABT genomic composition	70
Kalmagol	70
ABBT genomic composition	71
Bengani	71
Rekua.....	72

Resources Used	74
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Introduction

Banana is an important food crop cultivated in many tropical and subtropical regions around the world. With the recent advances in genomics, a new powerful tool was developed enabling the fine-scale characterization of banana's ancestry along chromosomes, i.e. chromosome painting.

This catalogue, although not exhaustive, aims at providing an efficient tool to support the banana research and worker community in the classification of cultivars. It can be used as a tool to support the management of banana collections, which is a much faster way to classify them than with morphological characterization.

Methodology

We applied this method to a high-throughput genotyping data set obtained from 317 banana accessions spanning most of the known cultivar groups. This set included both genebank and new uncharacterized materials. By comparing curated morphological assignation to the chromosome painting results, we were able to compile a catalogue referencing the chromosome painting patterns of most of the described cultivar groups. In this approach, chromosome segments are colored according to their inferred ancestral genome contribution. The colors of segments correspond to the following ancestral contributors: black: *M. balbisiana* (B genome), pale-blue: *M. schizocarpa* (S genome), green: *M. acuminata* ssp. *banksii* / *M. acuminata* ssp. *errans* (A genome); blue: *M. a. malaccensis* (A genome) red: *M. a. ssp. zebrina* (A genome), pink: uncharacterized genepools, and purple: *M. a. ssp. halabanensis*, Orange: *Musa a. ssp. burmannica* / *Musa a. ssp. siamea*, Yellow: *Austalimusa* (T genome) (new Callimusa section).

Disclaimer: The genome ancestry mosaics method proved to be extremely useful but is not exempted of methodological bias. The size of segments is approximate since it was calculated with high density markers and their arrangement established on parsimony and may not reflect the real haplotypes.



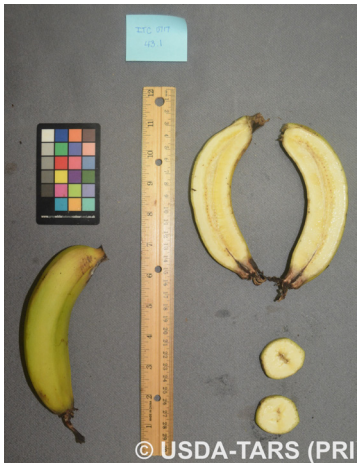


CULTIVAR GROUPS

Mchare group

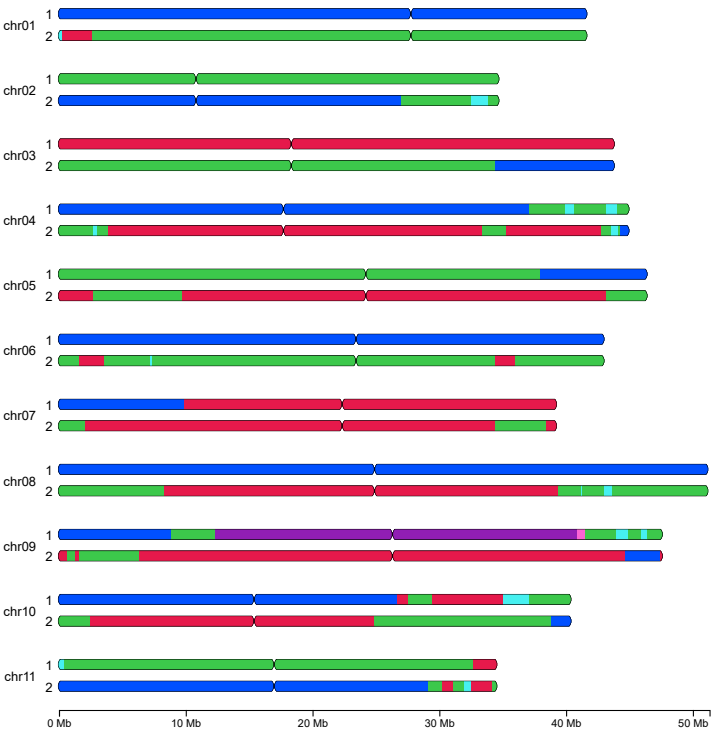
Passport Data			
Classification	Mchare (AA)	Notes	- Morphologically diversified with French, false-horn, and horn types like plantain - Pollen reported scarce - Synonym: Mlali
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)		
Main distribution area	East Africa	Genomic features	2x and 1x gamete donor of many cultivars, including Gros Michel, Cavendish, Pome and Pisang Ambon, Paka
Uses	Cooking, breeding		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. halabanensis* ● Unknown genepool



ITC1223 Mshare

AA genomic composition

Pisang Jari Buaya group

Passport Data

Classification	Pisang Jari Buaya (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	Asia and Pacific
Uses	Dessert, breeding

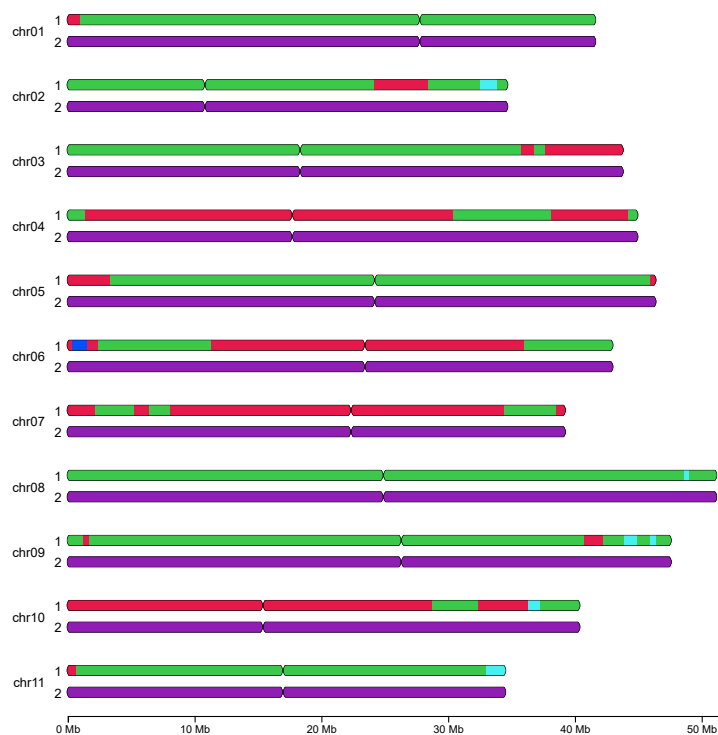
Notes	- Shape of bananas reminding crocodile's fingers. Rachis is full of neutral flowers with persistent bracts above the male bud. No pollen and seedless bunches. - Resistance to burrowing nematodes
Genomic features	One haplotype from <i>M. a. halabanensis</i>

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*



ITC0312 Pisang Jari Buaya

Pisang Lilin group

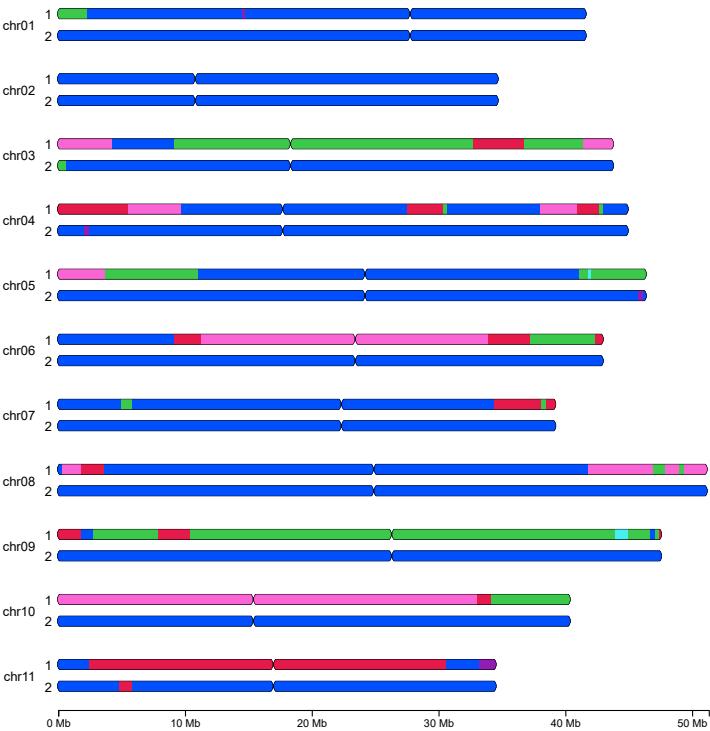
Passport Data			
Classification	Pisang Lilin (AA)	Notes	• Synonym: Lidi
Biological status	Cultivated		• Accession widely used in FHIA hybrids
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)	Genomic features	• Predominant malaccensis background
Main distribution area	Asia		
Uses	Dessert, breeding		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. halabanensis* ● Unknown genepool



ITC0395 Lidi

AA genomic composition

Sucrier group

Passport Data

Classification	Sucrier (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Dessert

- Notes**
- Very common diploid dessert banana
 - Synonym: Pisang Mas
 - Compact bunch with small, thin skinned, and sweet fruits, typical colors of neck blotches

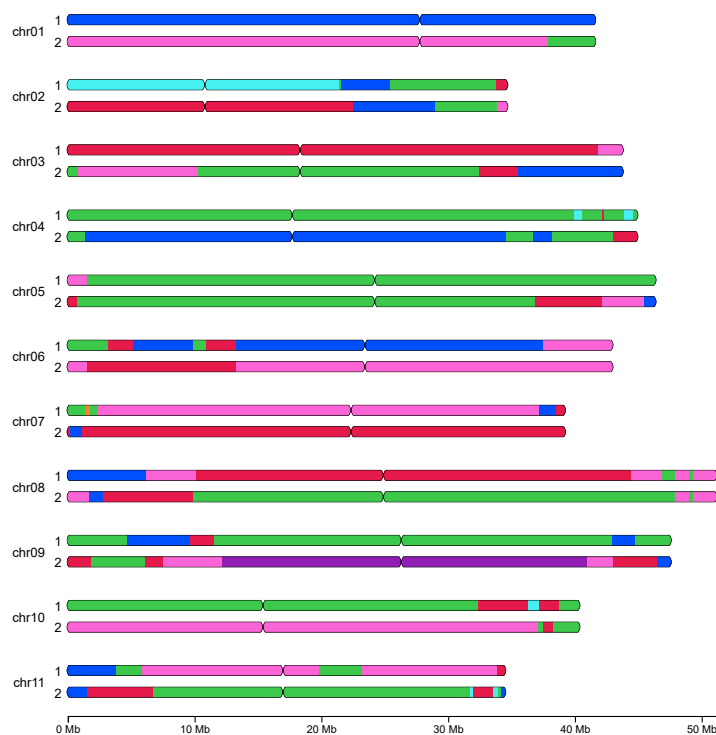
- Genomic features**
- Presence of most gene pools

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown gene pool



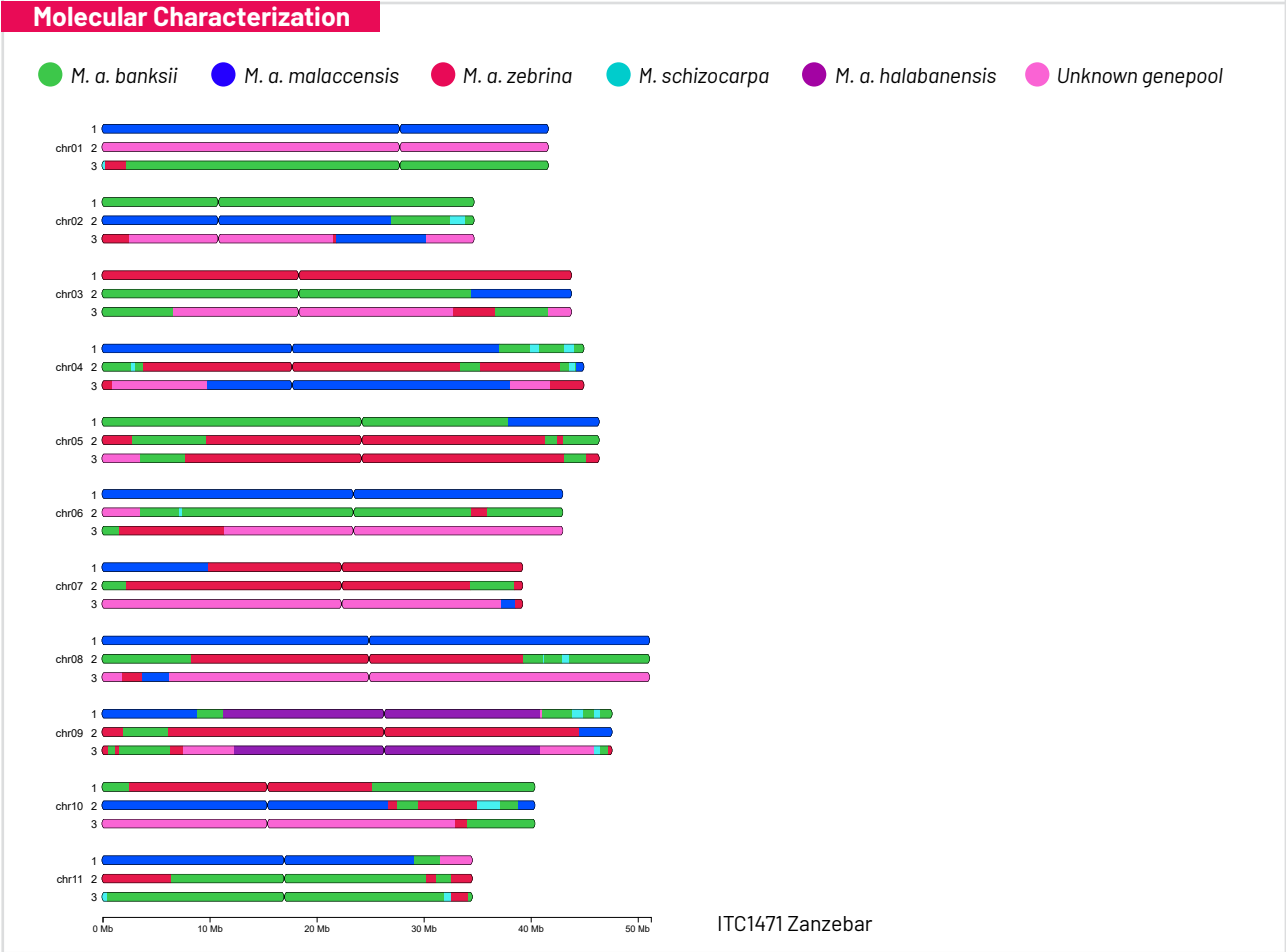
ITC0653 Pisang Mas

Cavendish group

Passport Data		
Classification	Cavendish (AAA)	Notes - Major commercial dessert banana - Can be cooked when unripe (Asia and the Pacific)
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics	Genomic features - Significant contribution of unknown genepool and <i>M. a. halabanensis</i> - Contains 2n gamete from Mchare
Uses	Dessert, most of the time International trade	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





AAA genomic composition

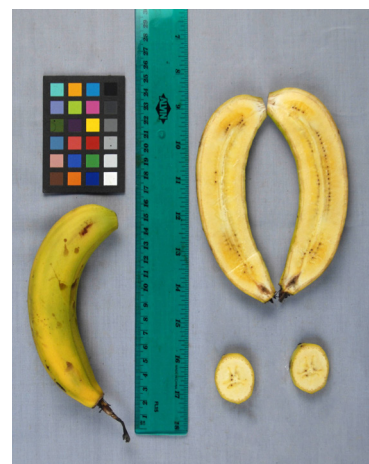
Gros Michel group

Passport Data

Classification	Gros Michel (AAA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid ($3x = 33$)
Main distribution area	Latin America
Uses	Dessert

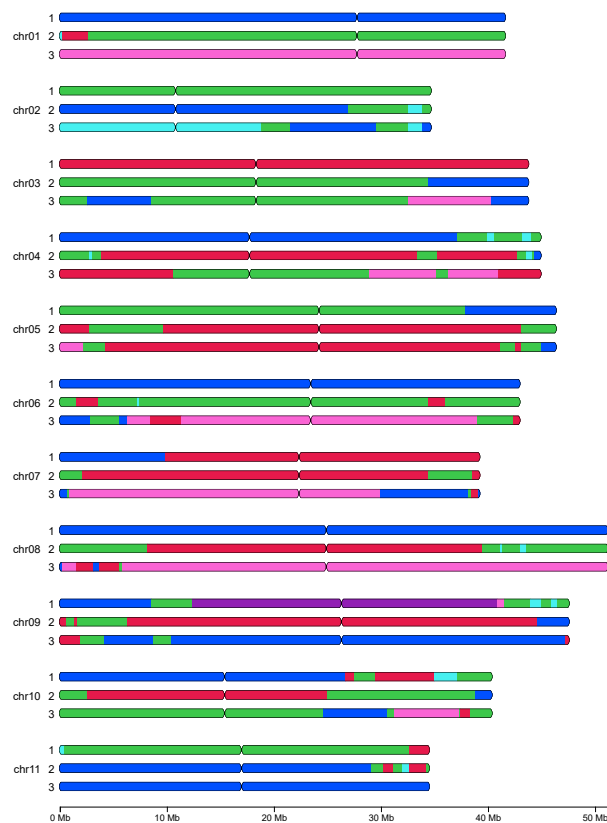
- Notes**
- Can be easily confused with Cavendish
 - Green or pale pink colour of pseudostem
 - Extremely susceptible to Fusarium wilt race 1
- Genomic features**
- Significant contribution of unknown genepool and *M. a. halabanensis*
 - Contains 2n gamete from Mchare and n gamete from Khai Na On

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown genepool



ITC0724 Cocos

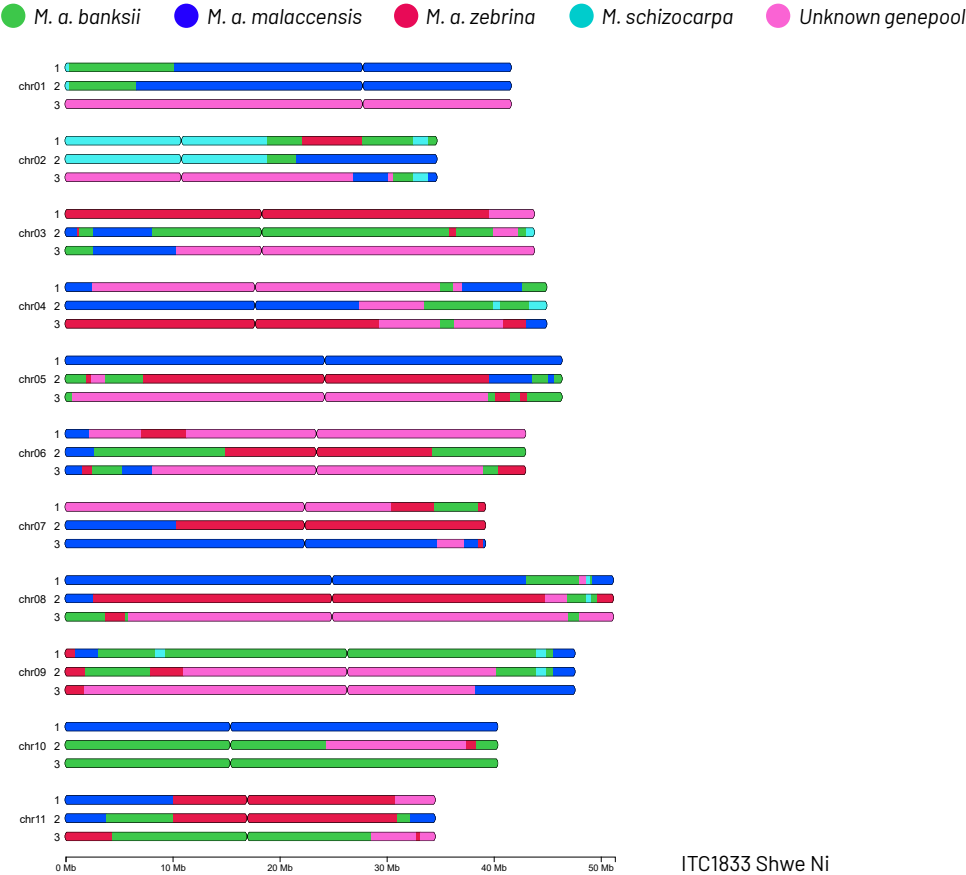
Red group

Passport Data		
Classification	Red (AAA)	Notes • Most of the plant is red • A green variant of Red exists, it is named Green Red • Synonym: Figue rose
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics	Genomic features • Two schizocarpa centromeres on chromosome 2, like Ibota and Maia Maoli Popoulou • High contribution of unknown genepool
Uses	Dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



ITC1833 Shwe Ni

AAA genomic composition

Mutika/Lujugira group

Passport Data

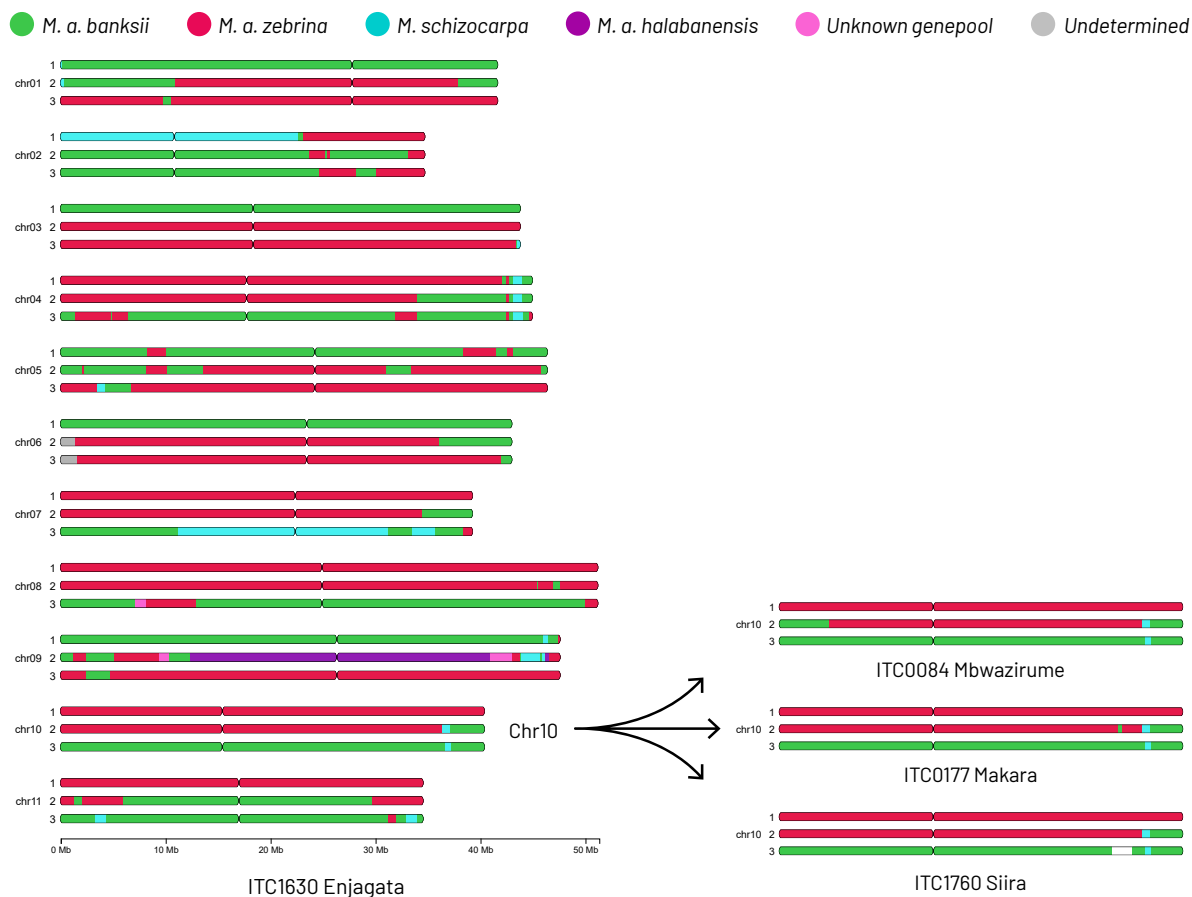
Classification	Mutika/Lujugira (AAA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	East and Central Africa
Uses	Cooking and beer

Notes	• Cultivated in altitude; dark bronze, black or brown blotches on pseudostems • Cooking cultivars with pulp turning yellow when cooked; beer cultivars with pulp turning pink when cooked
Genomic features	• Two first telomeres of chr. 6 seem of undetermined origin • A small variation in the banksii/zebrina ratio can be observed on a reduced number of accession

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



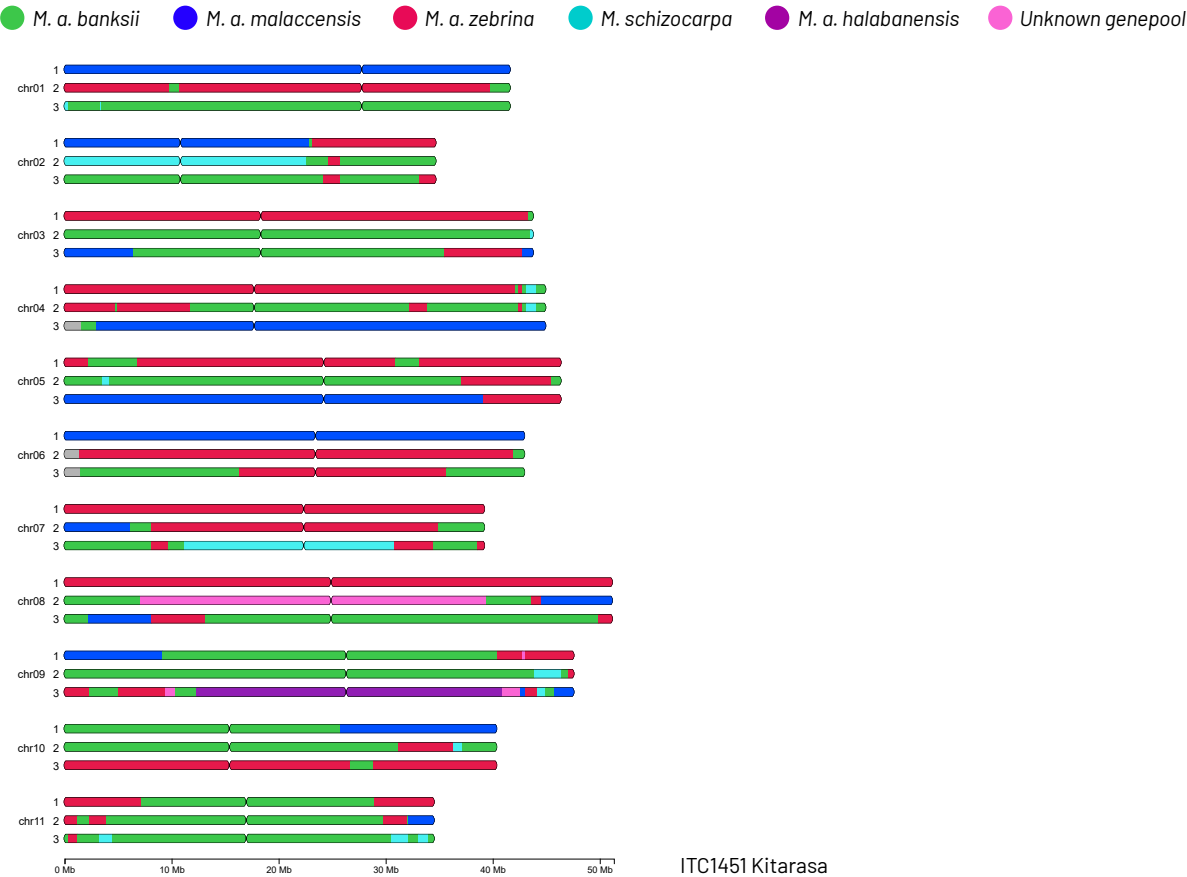
Ilalyi group

Passport Data		
Classification	Ilalyi (AAA)	Notes • Cultivated in altitude, particularly on the humid slopes of Kilimanjaro and of mounts Usambara and Pare • Slender bud and blunt fingers (when compared to Mutika/Lujugira)
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	East Africa (N.E. of Tanzania)	Genomic features • Genomic background related to Mutika/Lujugira but with additional <i>M. acuminata</i> ssp. <i>malaccensis</i> contribution
Uses	Mostly cooking, beer and some cultivars as dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



AAA genomic composition

Ambon group

Passport Data

Classification	Ambon (AAA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	South-East Asia
Uses	Dessert

- Notes**
- Large fruits, good flavor and high yields
 - Important cultivars in Indonesia and Malaysia
 - Introduced in Latin America for trade but became susceptible to Fusarium wilt

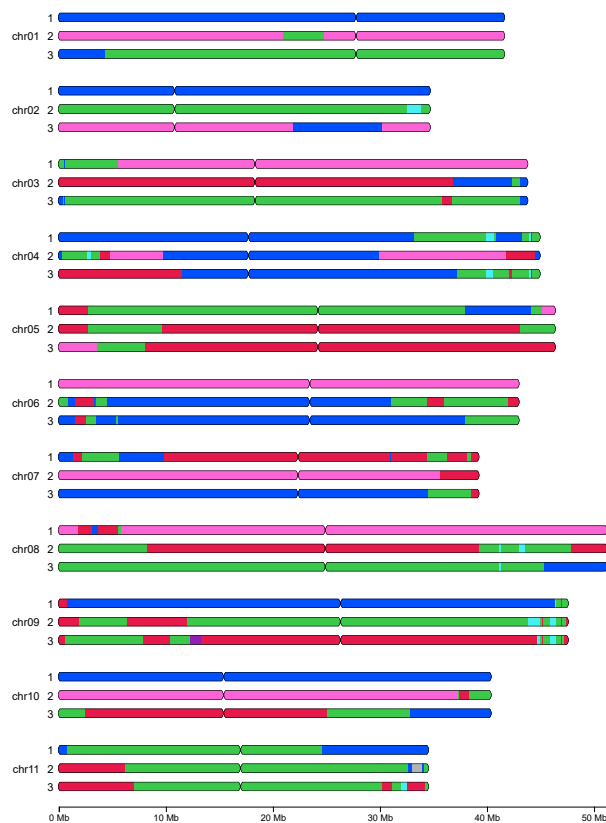
- Genomic features**
- Significant presence of the malaccensis (8 centromeres) and the unknown genepool (6 centromeres)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● Unknown genepool



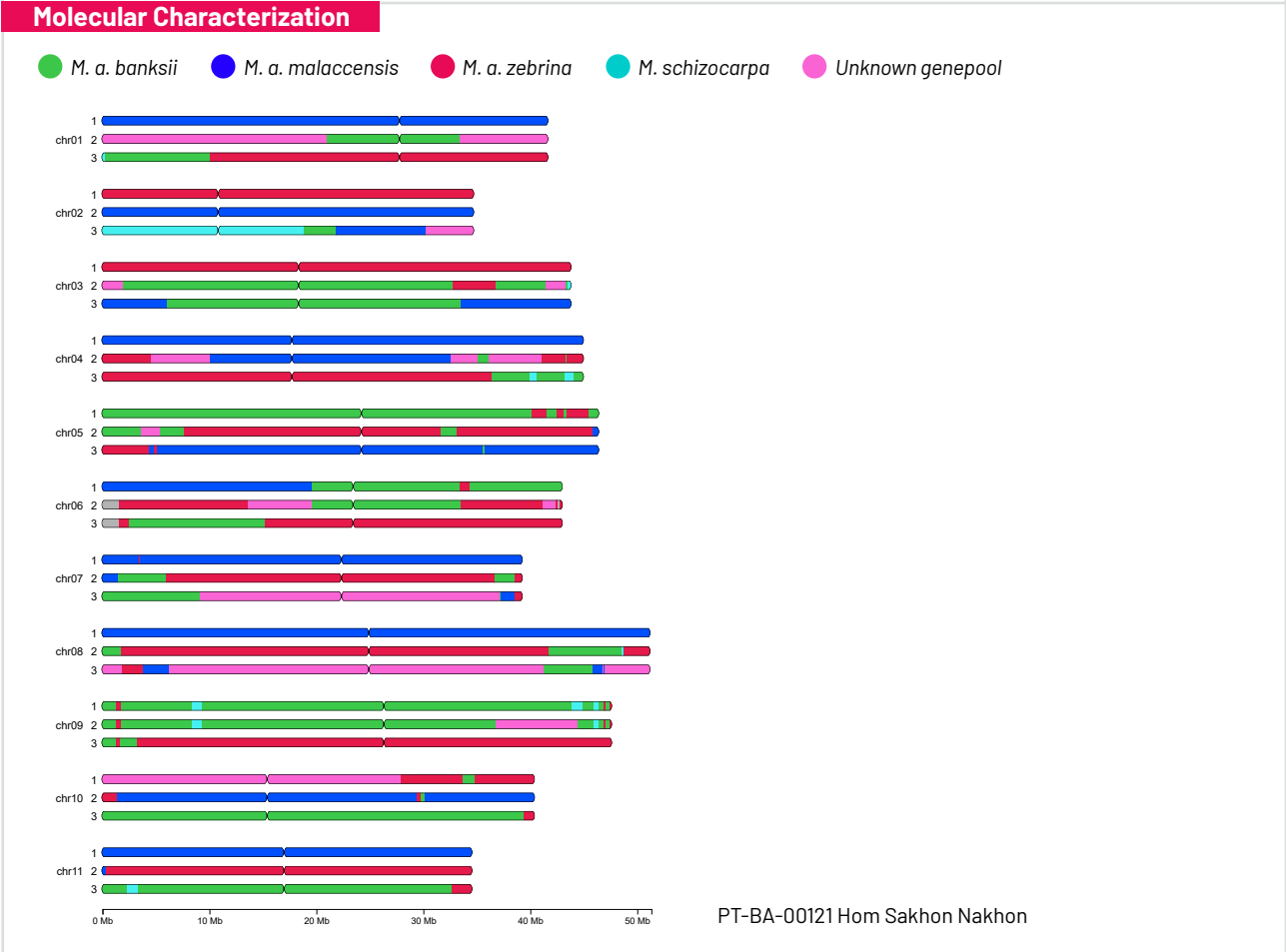
DYN122 Hom Thong Mokho

Orotava group

Passport Data		
Classification	Orotava (AAA)	Notes Not very well described in literature
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features Significant presence of the malaccensis (8 centromeres)
Main distribution area	South-East Asia	
Uses	Dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





AAA genomic composition

Rio group

Passport Data

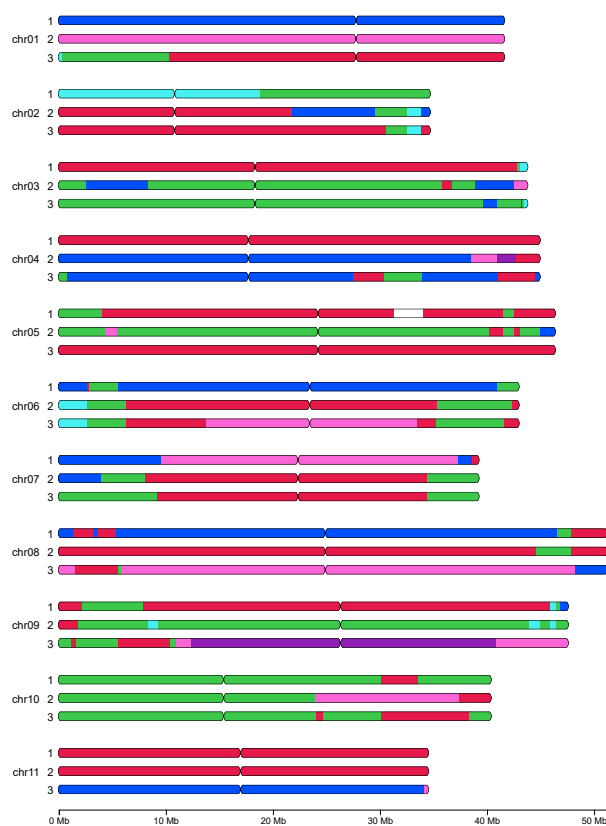
Classification	Rio (AAA)	Notes	
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	South-East Asia, Latin America	Genomic features	• Second zebrina-rich cultivar (14 centromeres) after Mutika/Lujugira group
Uses	Dessert		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown genepool



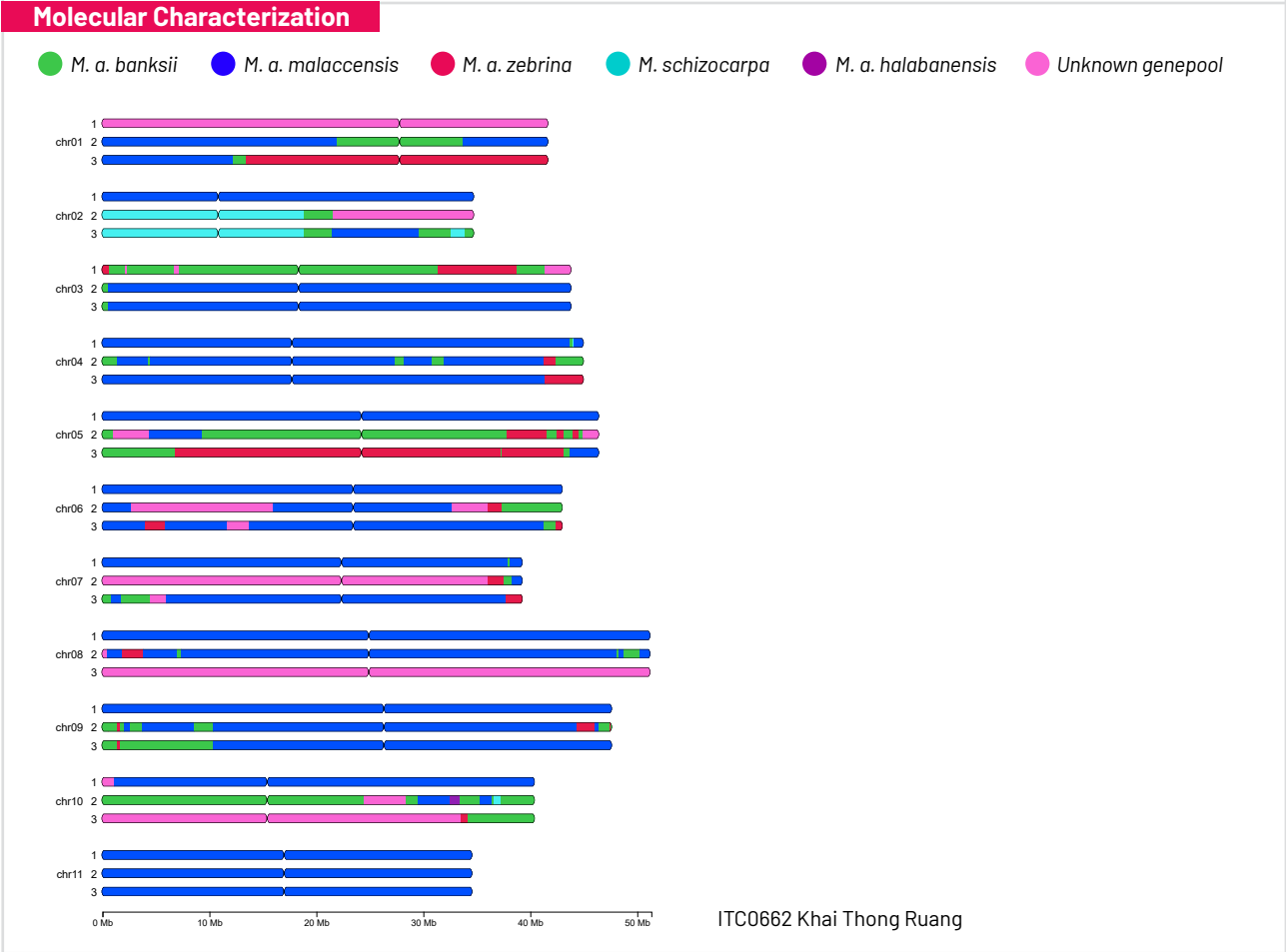
ITC0277 Leite

Ibota group

Passport Data		
Classification	Ibota (AAA)	Notes The widely studied accession 'Yangambi km 5' is part of this group
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	South-East Asia and Africa	Genomic features High contribution of <i>M. a. malaccensis</i> (22 centromeres)
Uses	Dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





AB genomic composition

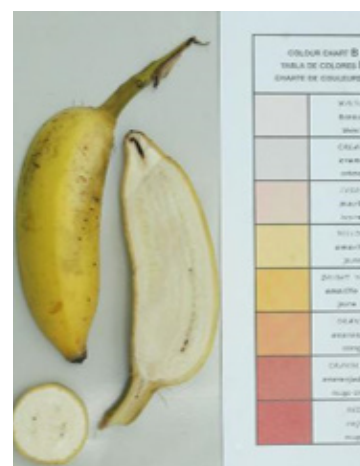
Ney Poovan

Passport Data

Classification	Ney Poovan (AB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	India
Uses	Dessert

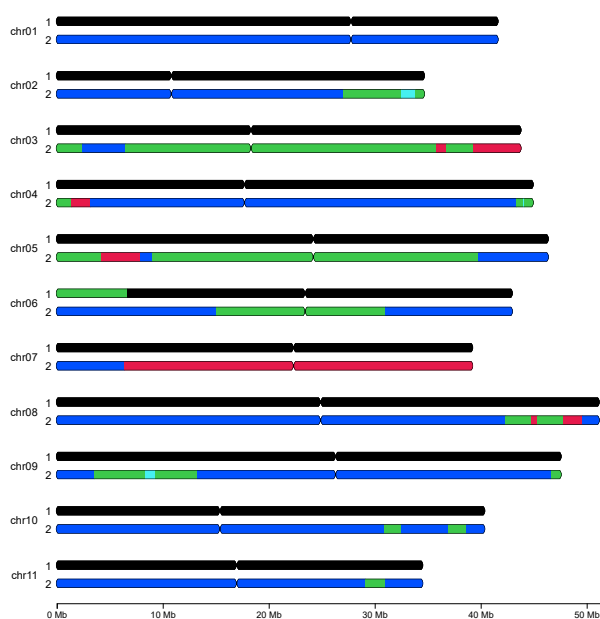
Notes	- AB bananas are rare - Difficult to distinguish with Kunnan
Genomic features	Malaccensis ancestry dominance as A-donor genome

Morphological Characterization Pictures

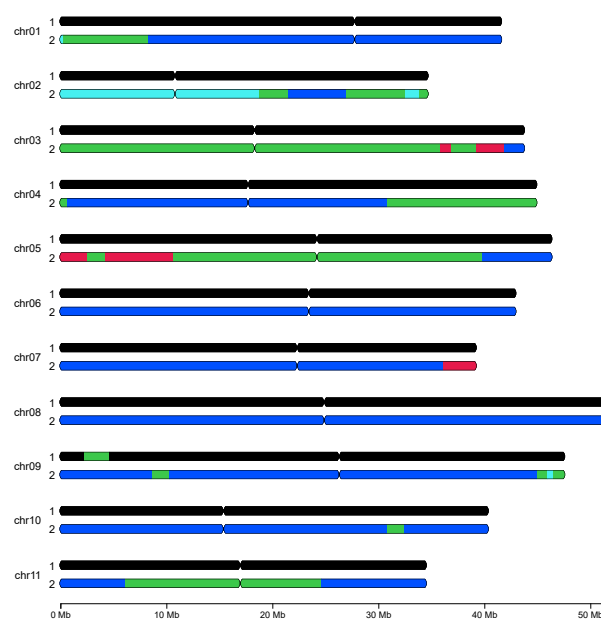


Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



ITC0245 Safet Velchi

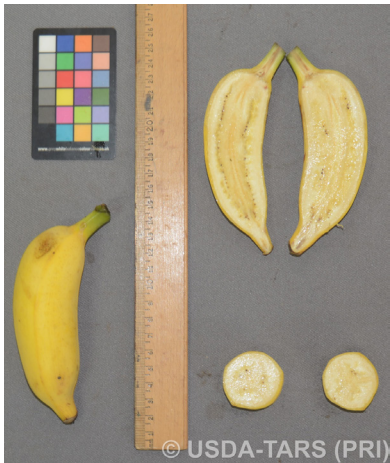


ITC1751 Adukka Kunnan

Kunnan

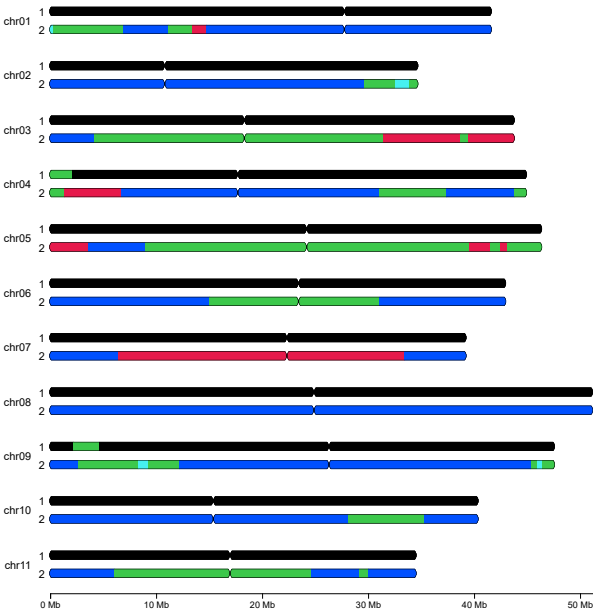
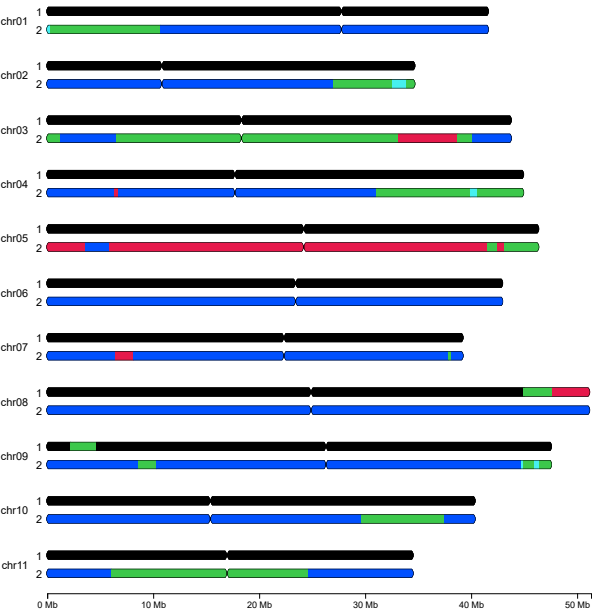
Passport Data		
Classification	Kunnan (AB)	Notes - AB bananas are rare - Difficult to distinguish with Ney poovan
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)	
Main distribution area	South India	Genomic features Malaccensis ancestry dominance as A-donor genome
Uses	Dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



AAB genomic composition

Plantain group

Passport Data

Classification	Plantain (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	West and Central Africa, and Latin America
Uses	Cooking (fries, mashed)

- Notes**
- Wide morphological diversity
 - Several phenotypic clusters (French, true horn, false horn) & (small, medium or giant)

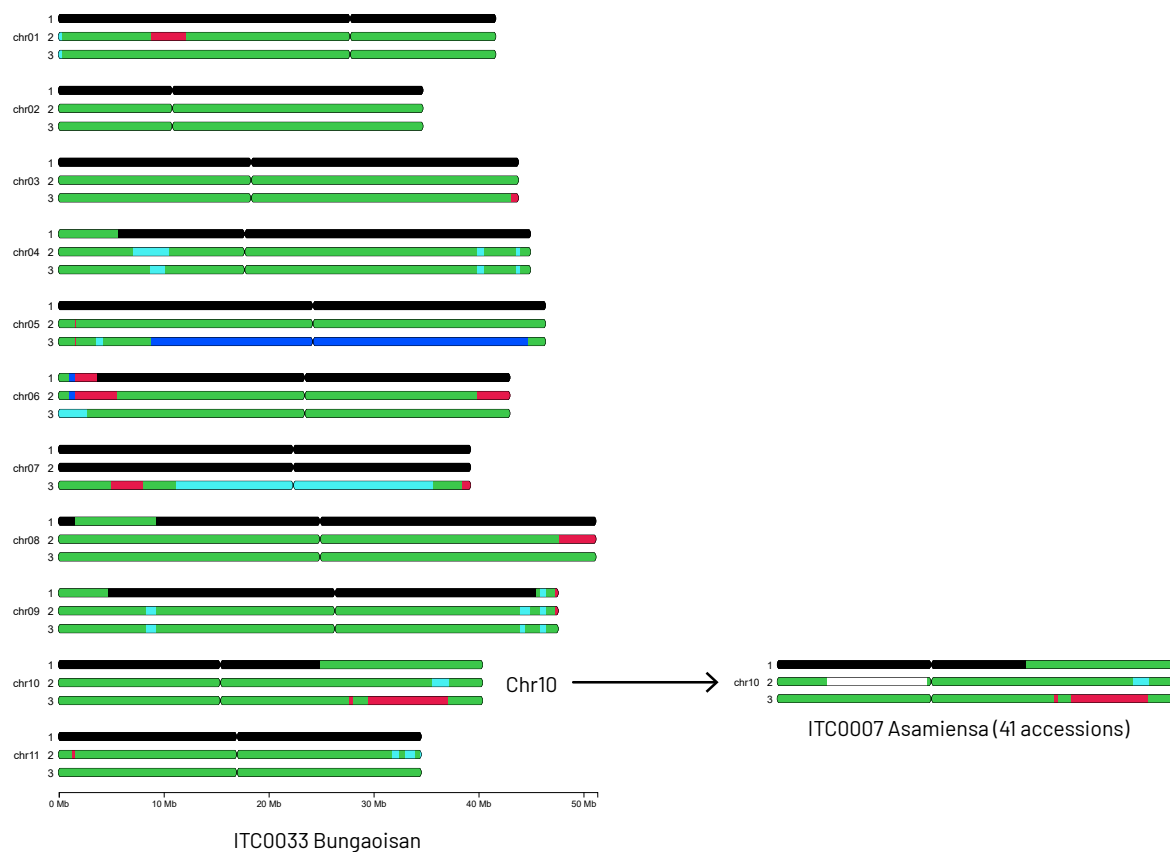
- Genomic features**
- 2 B chromosomes on chromosome 7
 - 2 profiles (the most common profile with interstitial deletion on chr10)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana*
● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
○ deletion



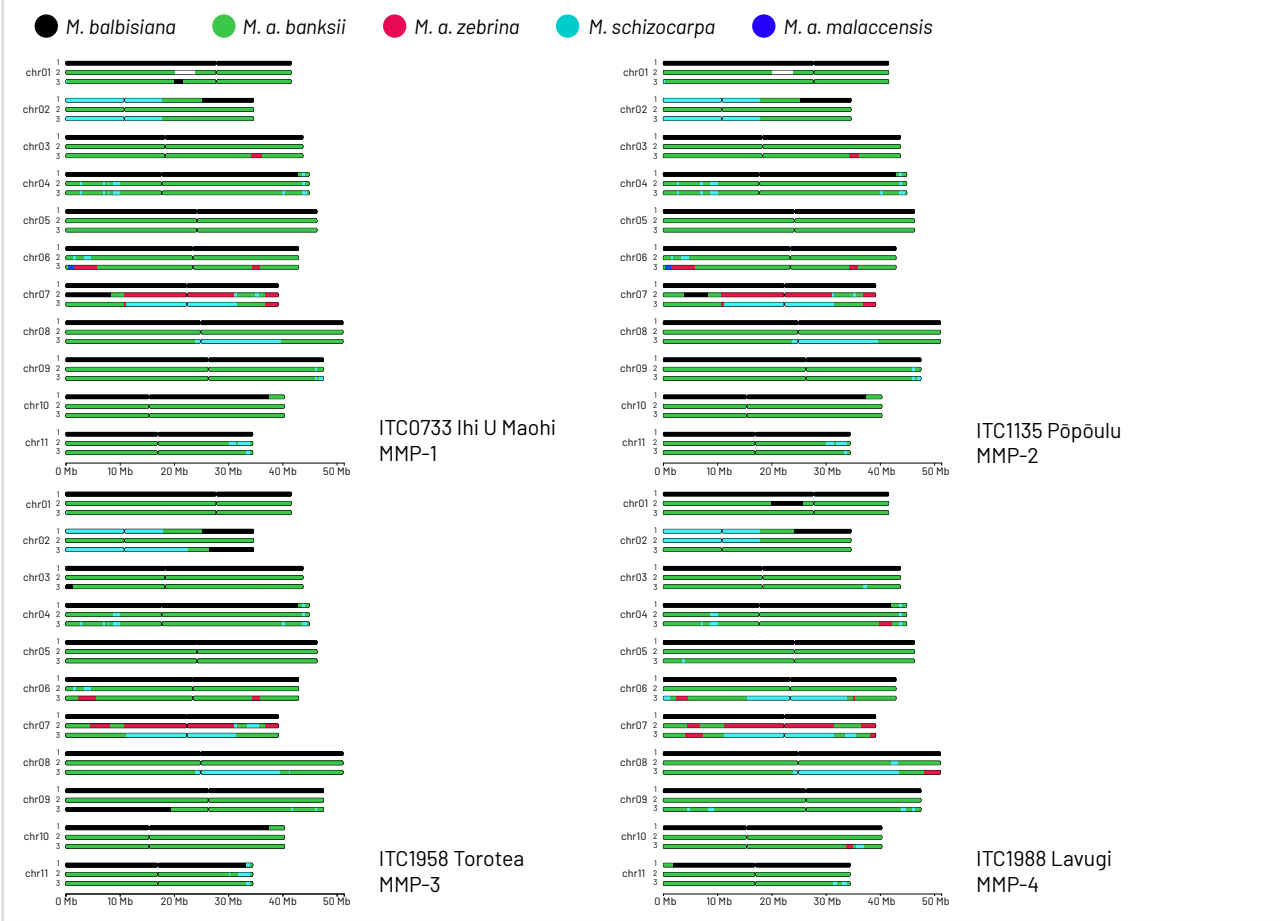
Maia Maoli/Popoulu group

Passport Data			
Classification	Maia Maoli-popoulu (AAB)		Notes • Sausage-shaped fruits • Pōpōlu have shorter and fatter fruits
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		Genomic features • At least 4 profiles, not all clonally derived • 2 <i>M. schizocarpa</i> centromeres in chr. 02 and 1 <i>M. a. zebrina</i> centromere on chr. 07 • Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)
Main distribution area	Pacific region		
Uses	Cooking		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



AAB genomic composition

Iholena group

Passport Data

Classification	Iholena (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Pacific region
Uses	Cooking

- Notes**
- Tall plant, young leaf with light purple underside
 - Fruits turn yellow before being ripe, pulp is «salmon orange»
 - Typical bunch shape
- Genomic features**
- *M. balbisiana* centromere is absent on chr. 09
 - In Papua New Guinea, different clones sharing features with Iholena exist
 - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures**Molecular Characterization**

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



ITC0825 Uzakan

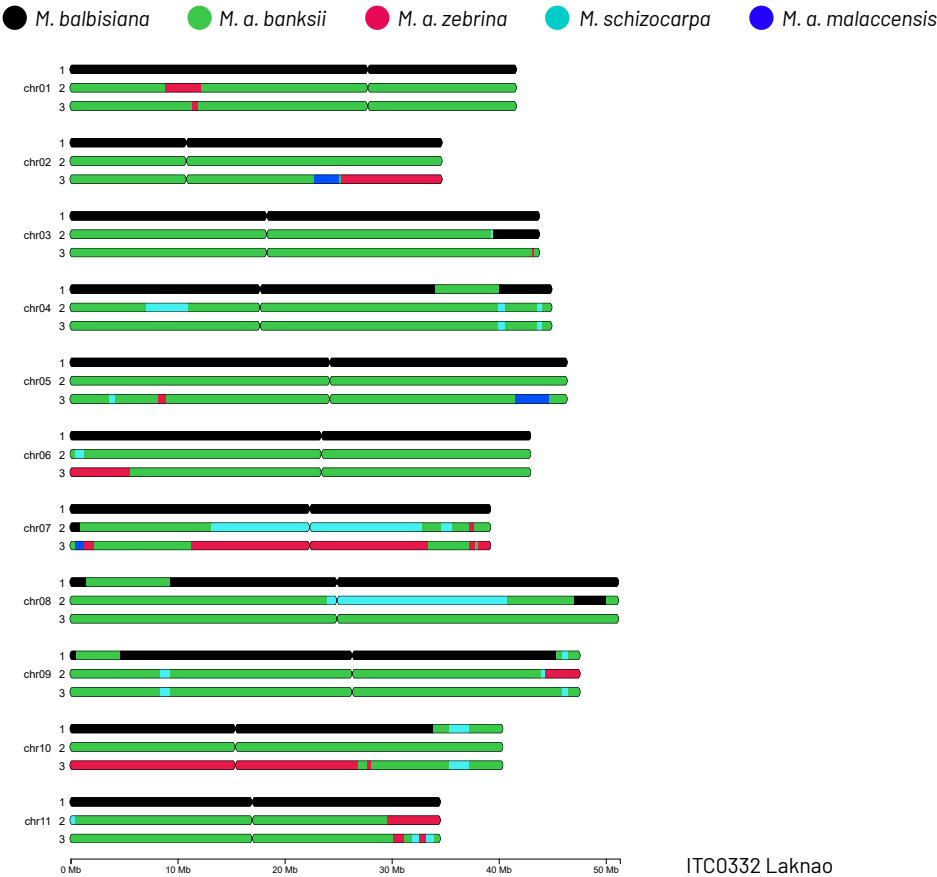
Laknau group

Passport Data			
Classification	Musa Laknao (AAB)	Notes	• Popular in the Phillipines • Slender and large fruits remaining starchy when fully ripe • Synonym: laknao
Biological status	Cultivated	Genomic features	• Background similar to Maoli-Popoulu and Iholena, very few contribution of <i>M. a. malaccensis</i> • Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	South-East Asia and the Pacific		
Uses	Cooking		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



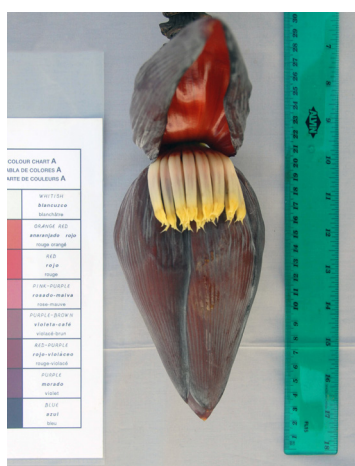
Pome group

Passport Data

Classification	Pome (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Dessert

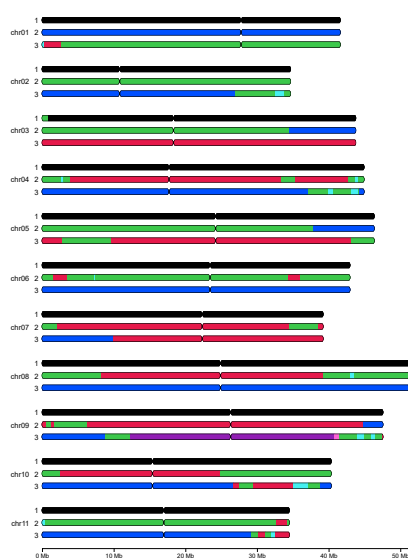
Notes	• Synonym: Prata (Brazil) • Sub-acid and apple-like taste
Genomic features	• Most diverse in contributors • Three patterns from at least two sexual events (Pome-1 and Pome-2), Pome-3 is likely derived from Pome-2

Morphological Characterization Pictures

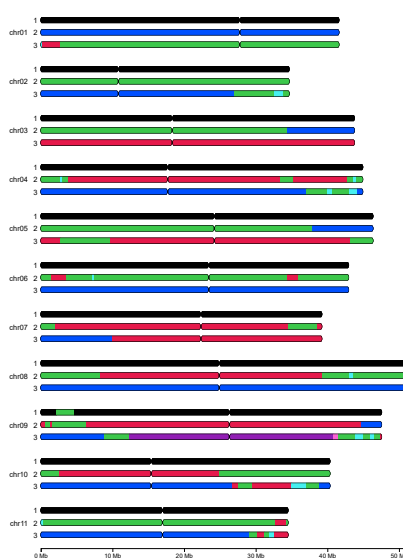


Molecular Characterization

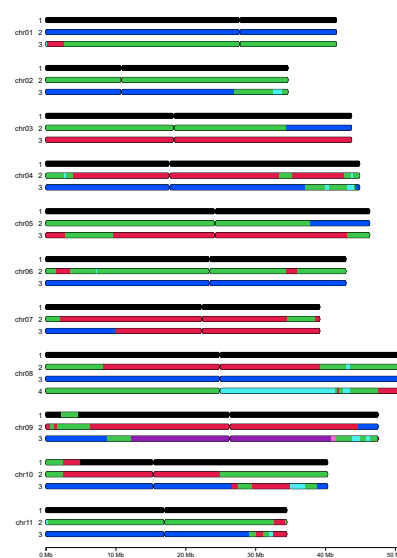
● *M. balbisiana*
● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown genepool



ITC0649 Foconah Pome-1



ITC1723 Ladies Finger Pome-2



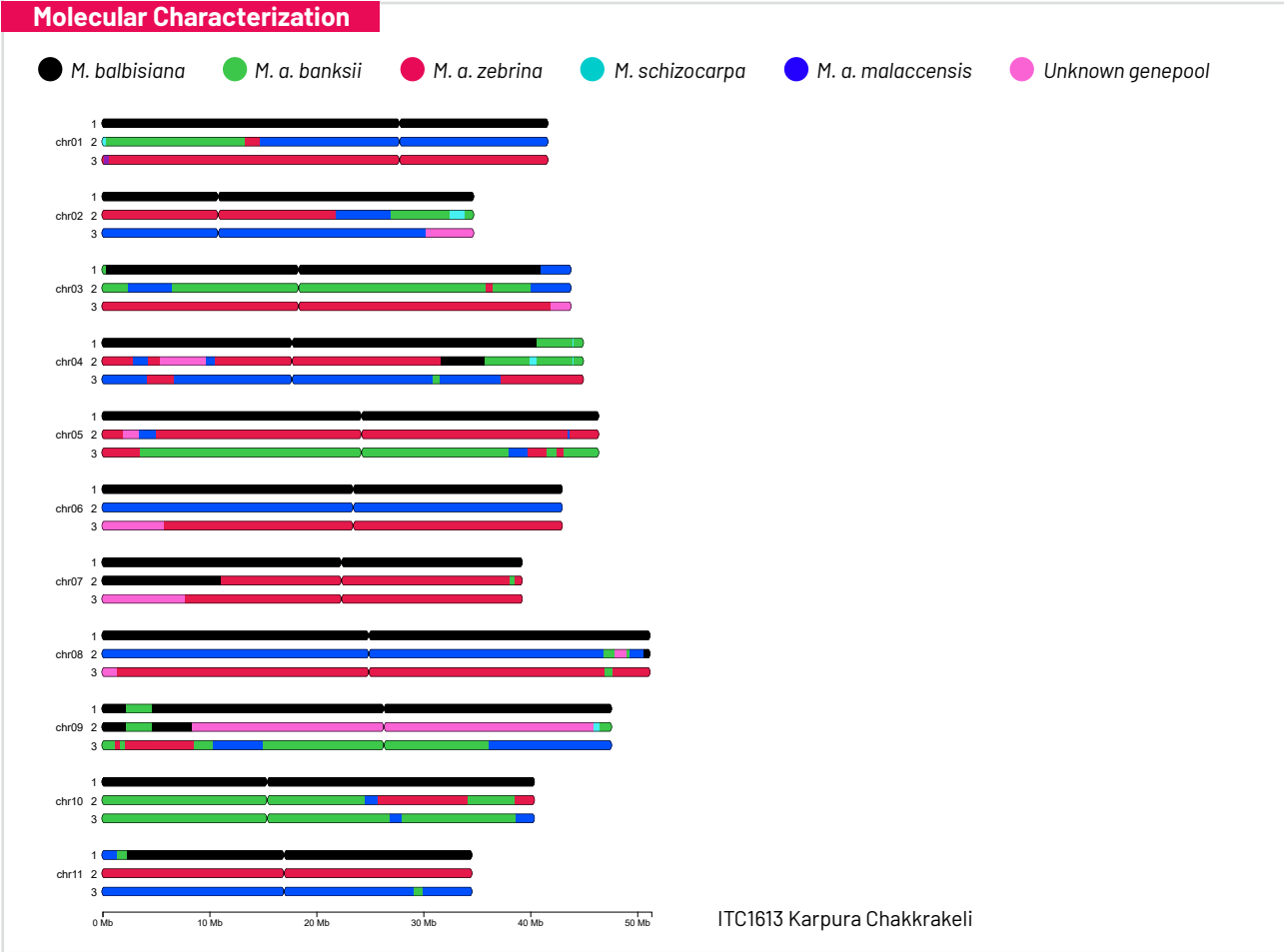
ITC0582 Lady Finger Pome-3

Mysore group

Passport Data		
Classification	Mysore (AAB)	Notes • Big and vigorous plant • Large cylindrical bunches
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features • Significant presence of malaccensis (6 centromeres)
Main distribution area	India, Thailand, West Indies, Oceania	
Uses	Dessert, shade for cocoa trees	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





AAB genomic composition

Silk group

Passport Data

Classification	Silk (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Dessert

- Notes**
- Sweet-acid fruits, flavour reminiscent of apples
 - Synonyms: Apple, Manzana and Figue Pome
 - Can be easily confused with Pome

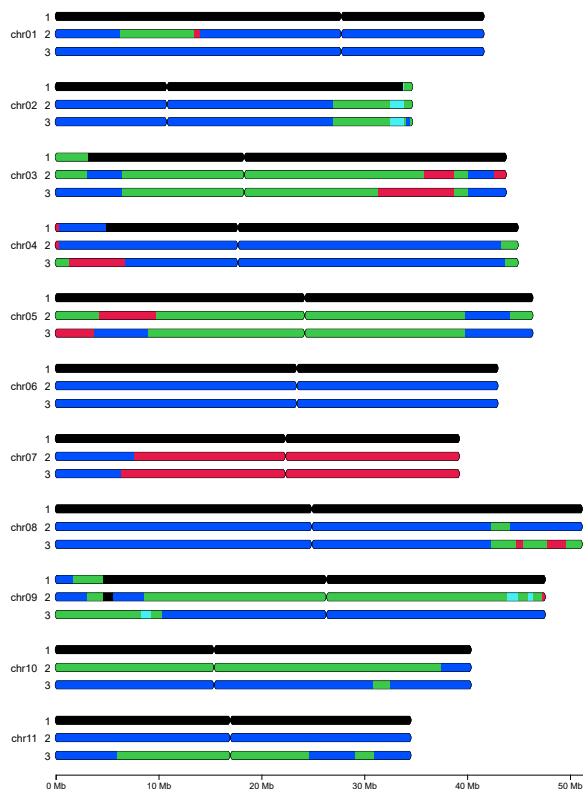
- Genomic features**
- Strong *M. a. malaccensis* contribution
 - Two profiles from two distinct sexual events

Morphological Characterization Pictures

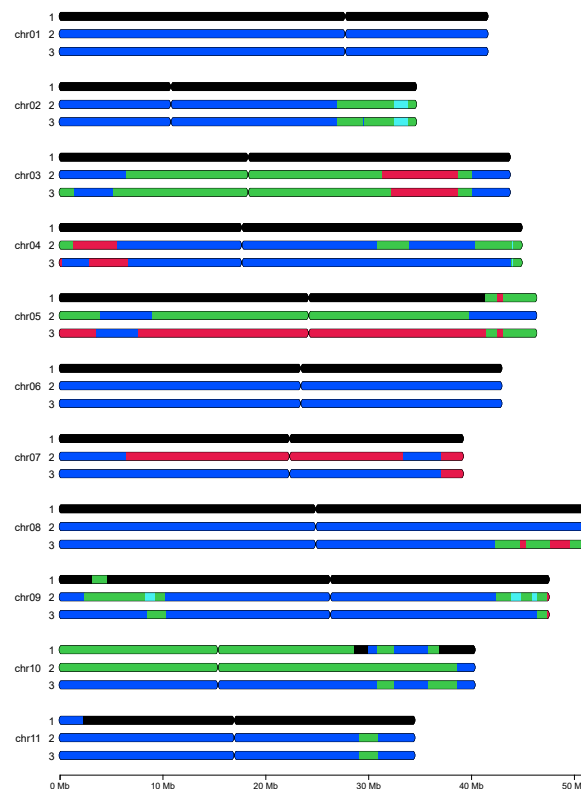


Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



ITC0348 Silk

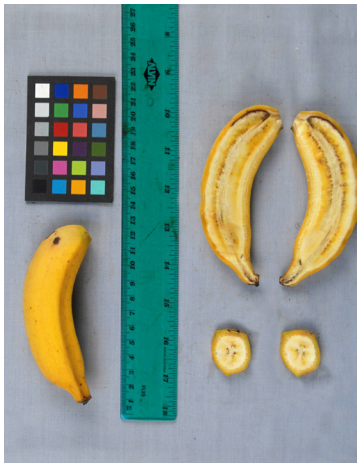


ITC0737 Kingala N°1

Pisang Raja group

Passport Data		
Classification	Pisang Raja (AAB)	Notes • Large fruit that becomes orange when ripe • Fruits are very sweet but coarse in texture
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	South-East Asia	Genomic features • Important contribution from <i>M. a. zebrina</i> and from the unknown genepool
Uses	Cooking and dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

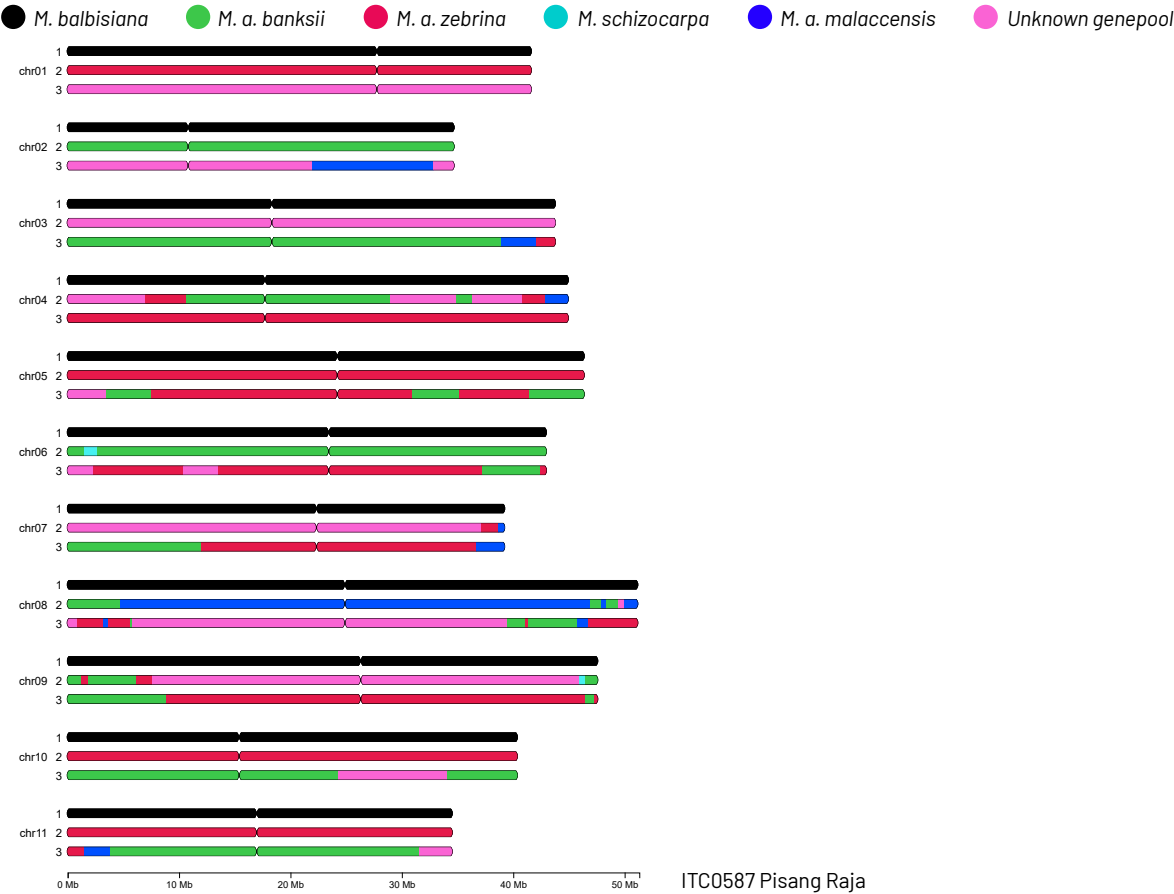


ABB genomic composition

Pisang Awak group (3x)

Passport Data

Classification	Pisang Awak (ABB/ABBB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Polyploid (3x = 33 or 4x = 44)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Dessert, cooking (unripe), alcoholic production

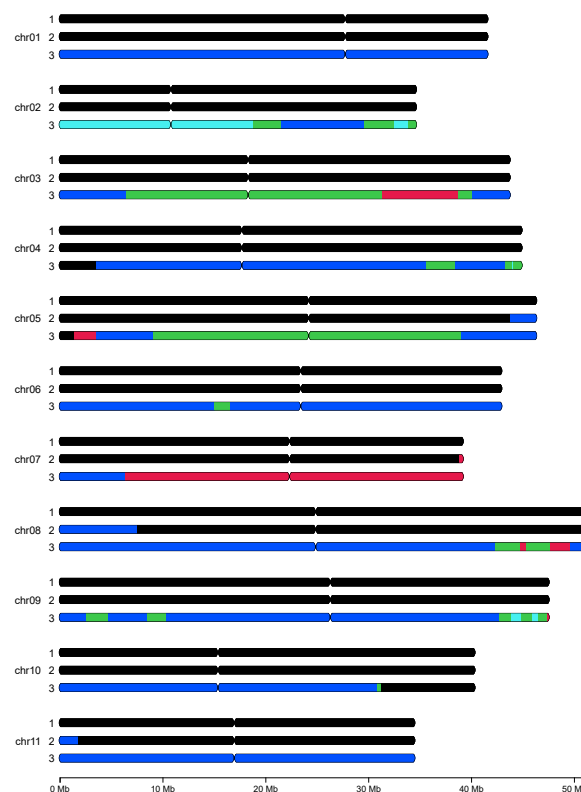
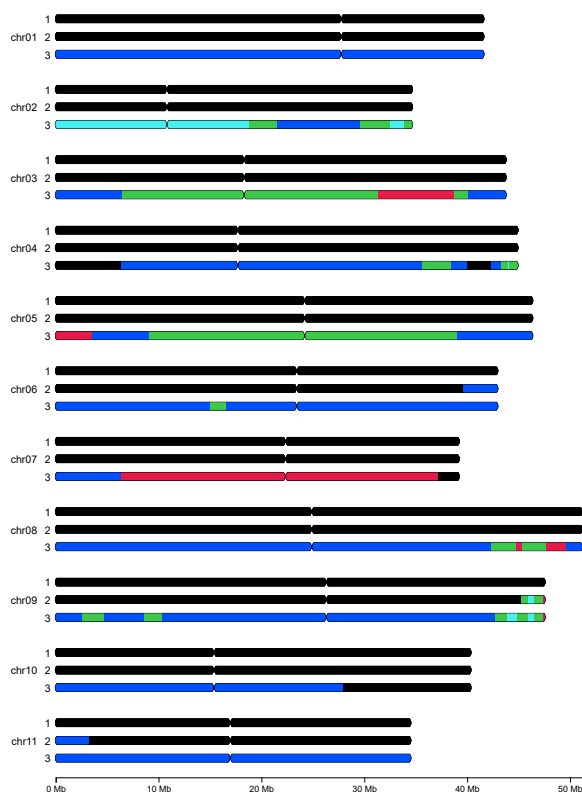
Notes	- A diversity of cultivars with striking morphological features in common exists - One of the most vigorous group of cultivars
Genomic features	At least 5 closely related profiles: 2 triploids and 3 derived tetraploids

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana*
● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. malaccensis*



Pisang Awak group (4x)

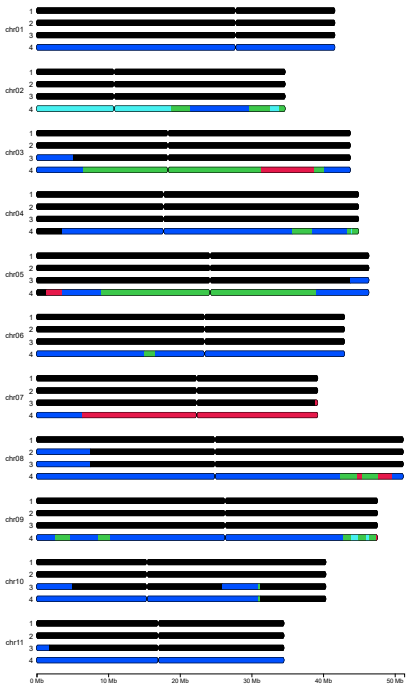
Passport Data			
Classification	Pisang Awak (ABB/ABBB)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Polyploid (3x = 33 or 4x = 44)		
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics		
Uses	Dessert, cooking (unripe), alcoholic production		
Notes	• A diversity of cultivars with striking morphological features in common exists		
Genomic features	• At least 5 closely related profiles (2 triploids and 3 derived tetraploids)		

Morphological Characterization Pictures

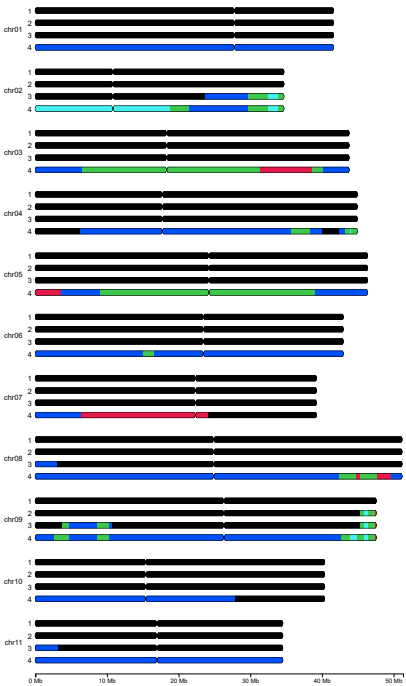


Molecular Characterization

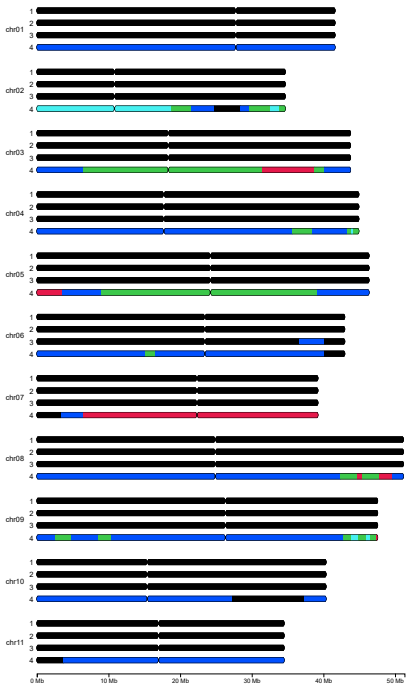
● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



ITC0213 Pisang Awak (PA-4x-2)



Ramu Yawa (PA-4x-1)



ITC0334 Nzizi (PA-4x-3)

ABB genomic composition

Bluggoe group

Passport Data

Classification	Bluggoe (ABB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Cooking and dessert

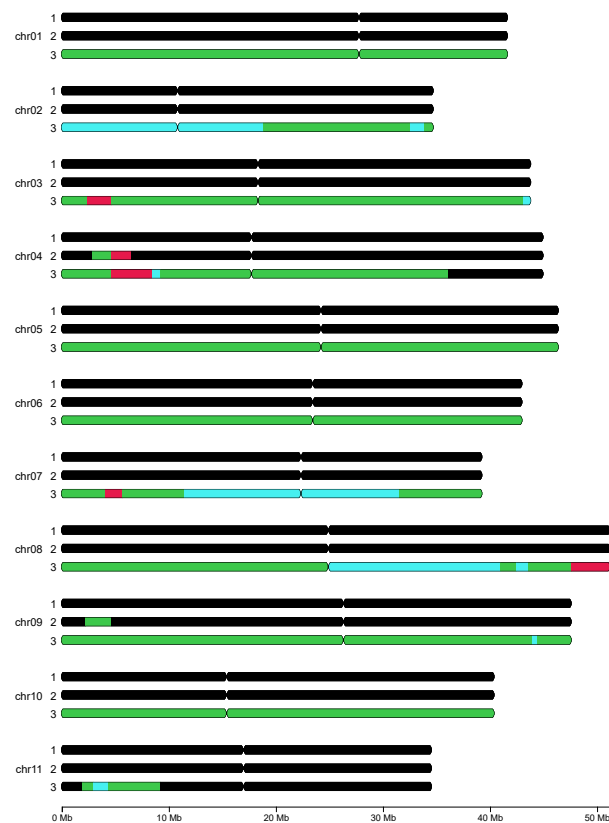
Notes	- Fruits are mostly straights and stay in a horizontal position - Bunch holds a maximum of 7/8 hands - Highly susceptible to Fusarium wilt
Genomic features	- Mosaic pattern identical to Monthan - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ITC0643 Cachaco

Monthan group

Passport Data			
Classification	Monthan (ABB)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	Northeast part of India		
Uses	Cooking and dessert		
Notes	- Fruits are turned upward - Bunch holds 15 to 20 hands, a second small bunch can develop on the male part		
Genomic features	- Mosaic identical to bluggoe - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 due to unbalanced crossing-over (not shown)		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



ITC1483 Monthan

ABB genomic composition

Ney Mannan group

Passport Data

Classification	Ney Mannan (ABB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Tropics and subtropics
Uses	Cooking, dessert and ornamentals

Notes

- Sweet aromatic fruit and vanilla ice cream-like flavor
- Cold-tolerant and wind-resistant because of their strong pseudostems and root systems

Genomic features

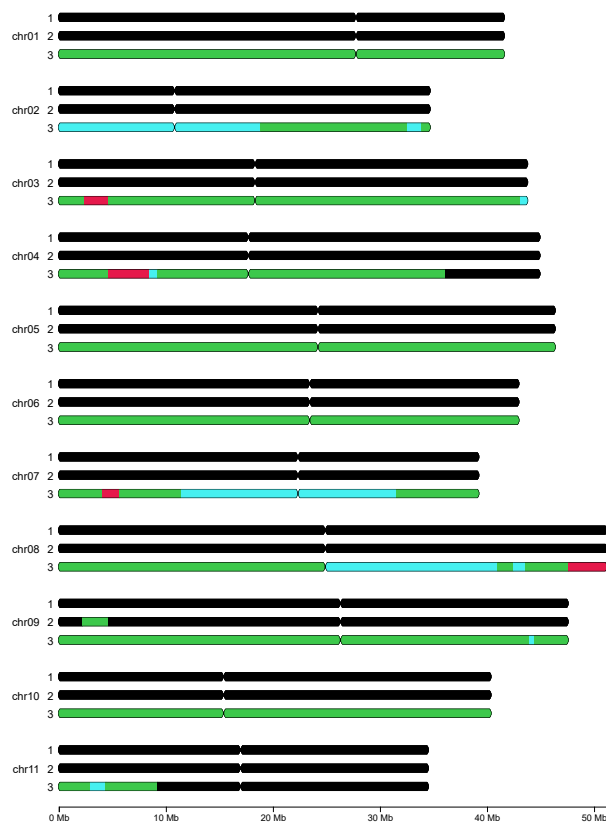
- Similar to Peyan but with slight differences of diversity pattern in the B genomes
- Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ITC0361 Blue Java

Peyan group

Passport Data

Classification

Peyan (ABB)

Biological status

Cultivated

Ploidy

Triploid (3x = 33)

Main distribution area

India

Uses

Dessert

Notes

- Angular fruits and thick skin

Genomic features

- Similar to Ney Mannan but with slight differences of diversity pattern in the B genomes
- Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana*

● *M. a. banksii*

● *M. a. zebrina*

● *M. schizocarpa*

1

chr01

2

3

1

chr02

2

3

1

chr03

2

3

1

chr04

2

3

1

chr05

2

3

1

chr06

2

3

1

chr07

2

3

1

chr08

2

3

1

chr09

2

3

1

chr10

2

3

1

chr11

2

3

0 Mb

10 Mb

20 Mb

30 Mb

40 Mb

50 Mb

ITC0123 Simili Radjah

ABB genomic composition

Kalapua group

Passport Data

Classification	Kalapua (ABB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea
Uses	Cooked by boiling or roasting

- Notes**
- Very common in Papua New Guinea
 - Tolerant to drought and Black Leaf Streak resistant
 - Susceptible to Banana Wilt Associated Phytoplasma

- Genomic features**
- Two patterns identified: Dwarf Kalapua have two full *M. balbisiana* haplotypes on first arms of chr. 4 and chr. 8.; first telomere of chr. 9 has three B copies
 - Common small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ITC2017 Tukuru round



ITC1937 Gana Auf

Klue Tiparod group

Passport Data			
Classification	Klue Tiparod (ABB)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	South-East Asia		
Uses	Cooking		
Notes	- Vigorous plant with massive fruits - Very close to <i>M. balbisiana</i> - Two forms: complete bunch and horn. Can appear on the same plant, depending on the cycles. Instability of the inflorescence.		
Genomic features	- High proportion of B genome - The only group with <i>M. a. burmannica</i>/<i>siamea</i> contribution		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



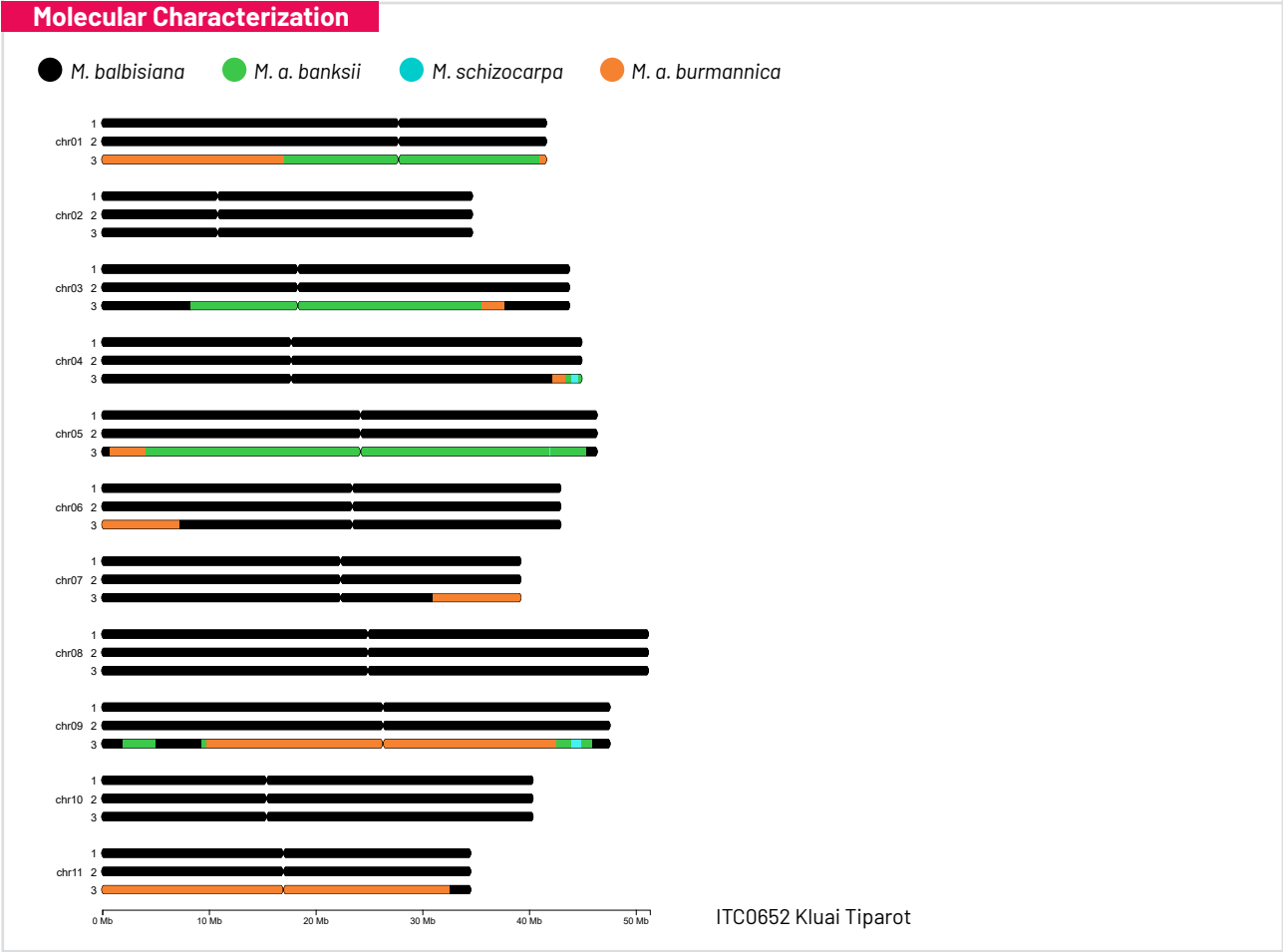


ABB genomic composition

Pelipita group

Passport Data

Classification	Pelipita (ABB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	South-East Asia
Uses	Cooking

Notes

- Reached Latin America where it gained popularity due to resistance to pest and diseases

Genomic features

- Three *M. balbisiana* haplotypes for chromosome 2 and chromosome 11
- Three *M. balbisiana* centromeres for chromosome 7

Morphological Characterization Pictures



© USDA-TARS (PRI)

Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ITC0472 Pelipita





**MORPHOLOGICALLY
SIMILAR TO
CULTIVAR GROUPS**

Similar to Mutika/Lujugira

Kikundi cluster

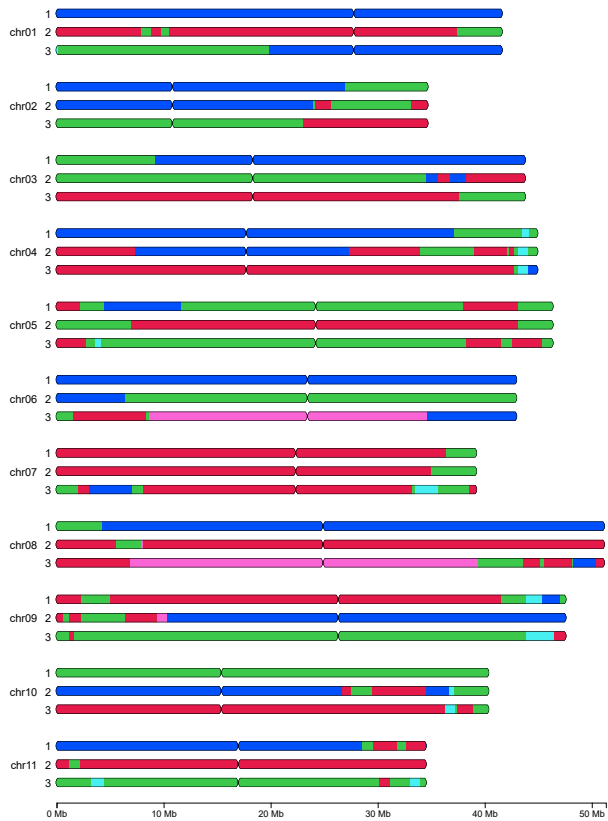
Passport Data			
Classification	Mutika/Lujugira related (AAA)	Notes	- Morphologically similar to Mutika/Lujugira - Ntebwa and Ntindii I are 2 cultivars from the Usambara region with different usages - Kikundi's underlying colour of the pseudostem is pinkish instead of green
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	Tanzania	Genomic features	Common genetic background with Mutika/Lujugira but with a strong malaccensis component (12 centromeres)
Uses	Cooking and dessert		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● Unknown genepool



ITC1224 Kikundi

Similar to Mutika/Lujugira

Luholole cluster

Passport Data

Classification	Mutika/Lujugira related (AAA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Tanzania (Morogoro region)
Uses	Dessert

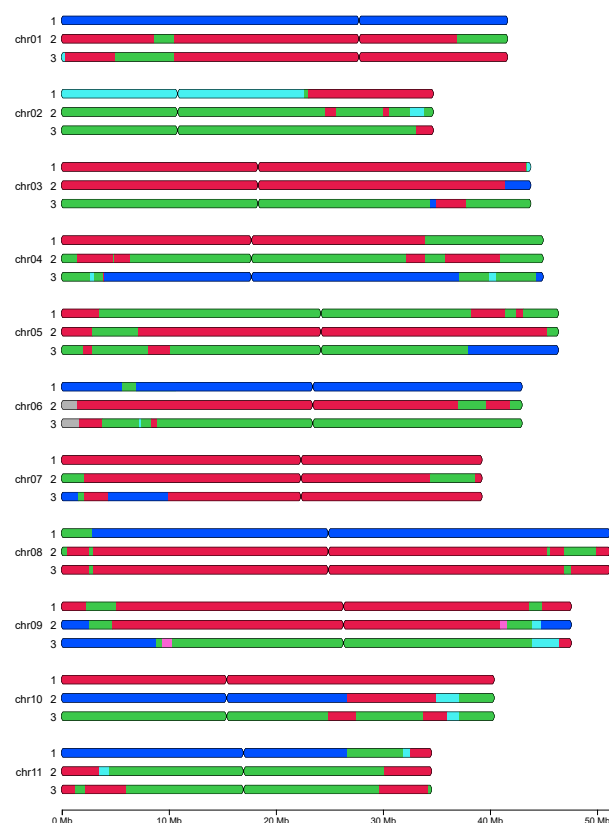
- Notes**
- Named after chief Luhore who found it in this area when he arrived approx. 100 years ago (from collecting report)
 - Degenerating male bud observed in some plants
- Genomic features**
- Common genetic background with Mutika, Ilalyi and Kikundi but with 6 *M. a. malaccensis* centromeres

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● Unknown genepool



ITC1593 Luholole

Similar to Plantain

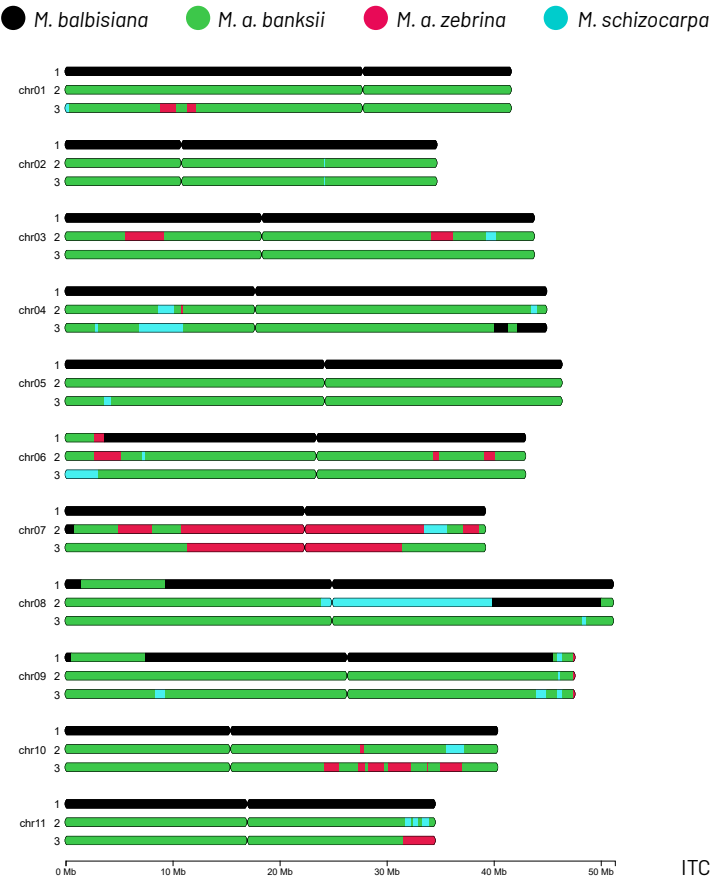
Kupulik cluster

Passport Data			
Classification	Plantain related (AAB)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea		
Uses	Cooking		
Notes	• Morphologically similar to plantain • Collected as plantain • Kupulik and Navente 2 with degenerating bud, unlike Bubun		
Genomic features	• Differs from plantain mosaic by 4 centromeres and the absence of <i>M. a. ssp. malaccensis</i> • Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



ITC0909 Kupulik

Similar to Plantain

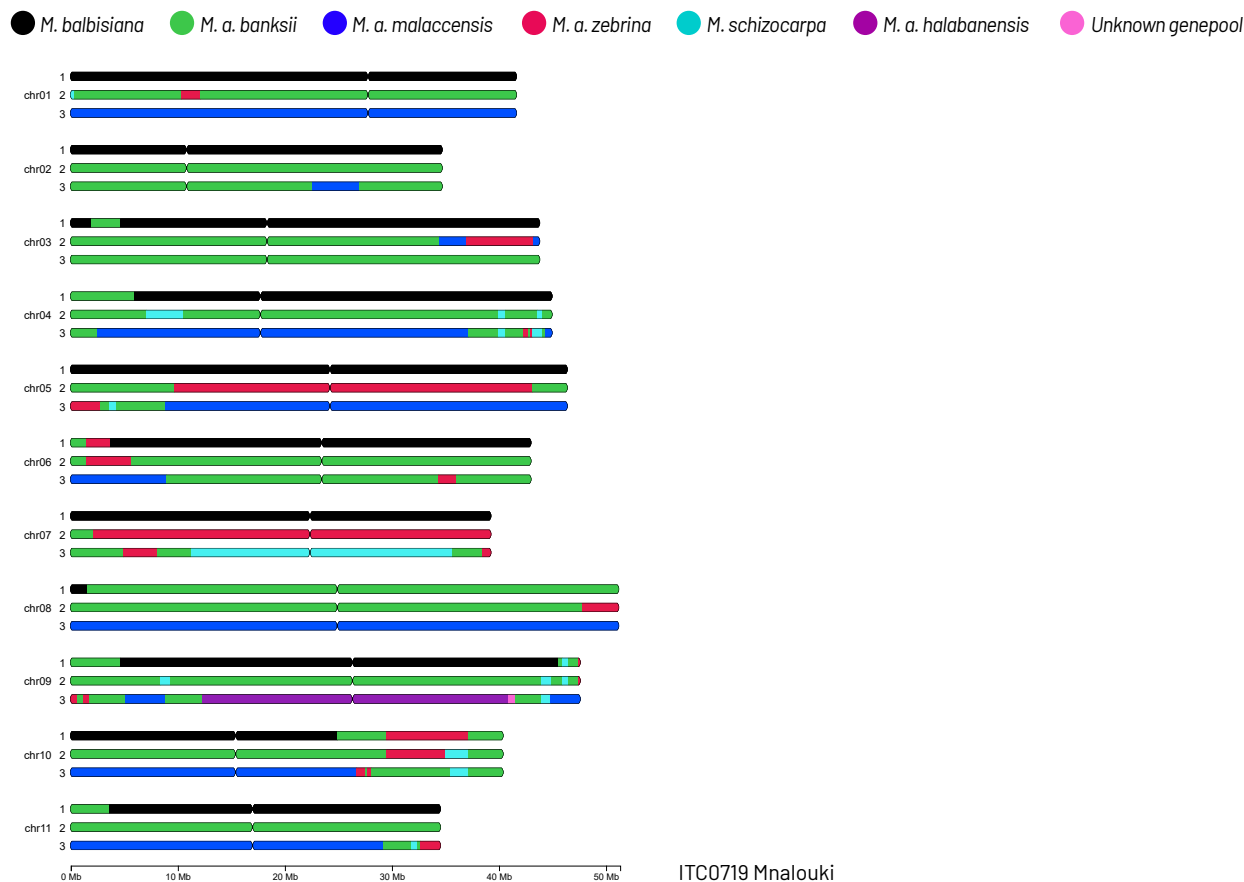
Mnalouki

Passport Data			
Classification	Plantain related (AAB)	Notes	Morphologically similar to plantain
Biological status	Cultivated		Only AAB known today in the Comoros
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		
Main distribution area	Comores	Genomic features	Possibly derived from plantain (2n gamete) and Mchare (n gamete)
Uses	Dessert		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

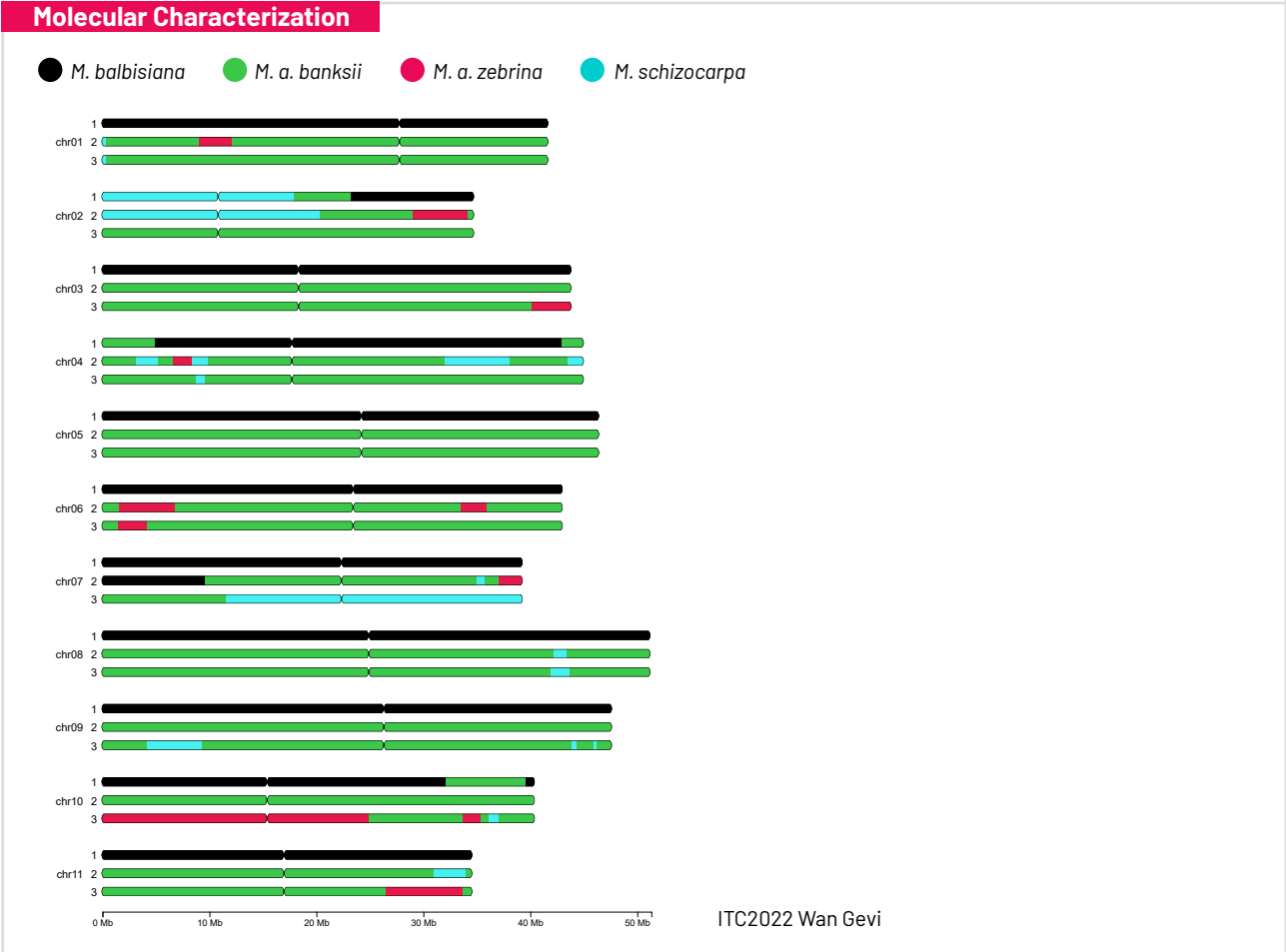


Wan Gevi cluster

Passport Data			
Classification	Maia Maoli-Popoulu related (AAB)		Notes Morphologically similar to Maia Maoli-Popoulu
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		Genomic features Genomic background similar to Maia Maoli-Popoulu
Main distribution area	New Britain island (PNG)		
Uses	Cooking		

Morphological Characterization Pictures





Similar to Maoli-Popoulu

Buka Kiakiau

Passport Data			
Classification	Maia Maoli-Popoulu related (AAB)	Notes	• Morphologically similar to Maia Maoli-Popoulu
Biological status	Cultivated	Genomic features	• Genomic background similar to Maia Maoli-Popoulu
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)		• Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)
Main distribution area	New Britain island (PNG)		
Uses	Cooking		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



WNB049 Buka Kiakiau

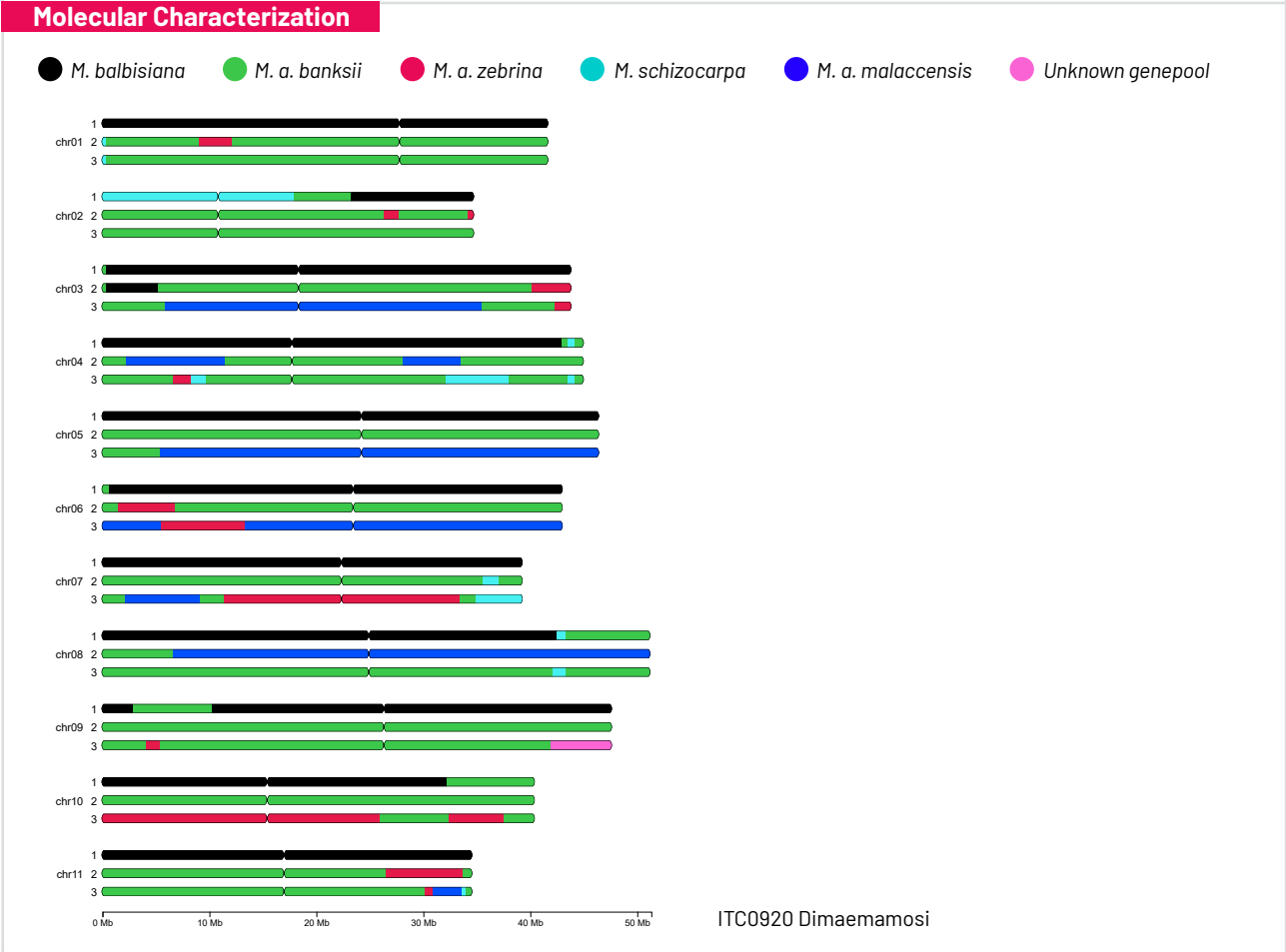
Similar to Maoli-Popoulu

Ruango Block cluster

Passport Data		
Classification	Maia Maoli-Popoulu related (AAB)	Notes Morphologically similar to Maia Maoli-Popoulu
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features Substantial contribution of <i>M.a. ssp. malaccensis</i>
Main distribution area	New Britain island (PNG)	
Uses	Cooking	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





Similar to Iholena

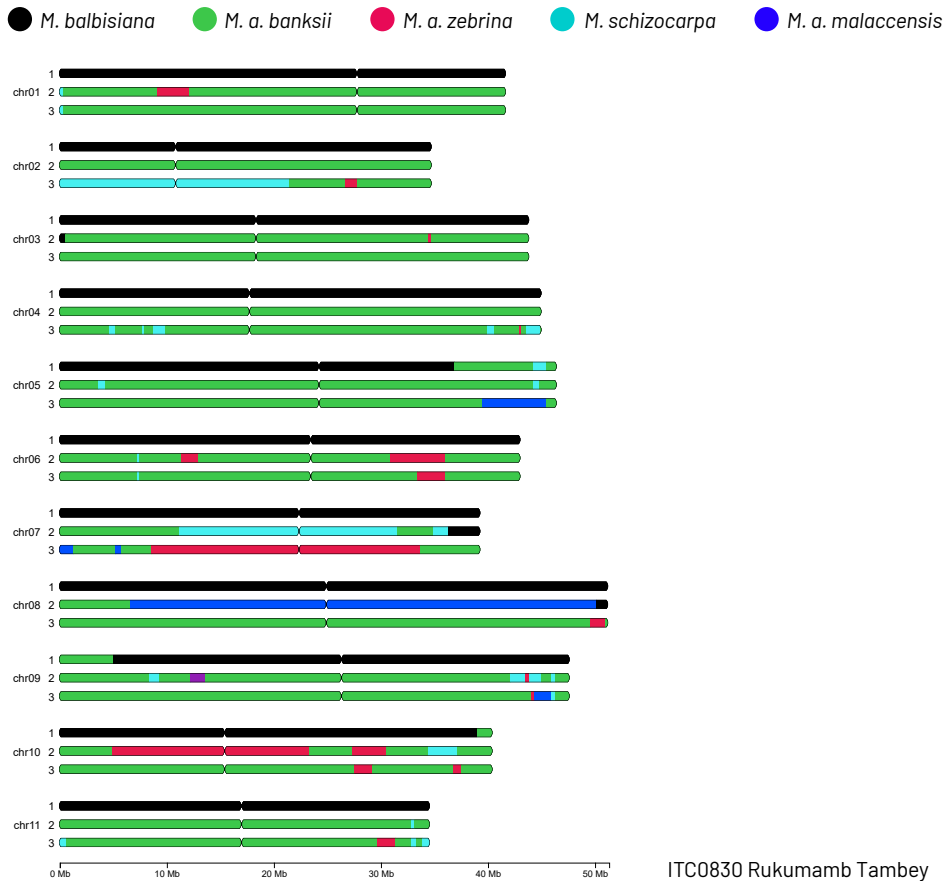
Rukumamb Tambey cluster

Passport Data		
Classification	Iholena related (AAB)	Notes - Morphologically similar to Iholena - Fruits stay green
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features Mosaics with 4 centromeres differing from Iholena
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea and Samoa	
Uses	Cooking	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



ITC0830 Rukumamb Tambey

Similar to Iholena

Arawa cluster

Passport Data

Classification	Iholena related (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea and Samoa
Uses	Cooking

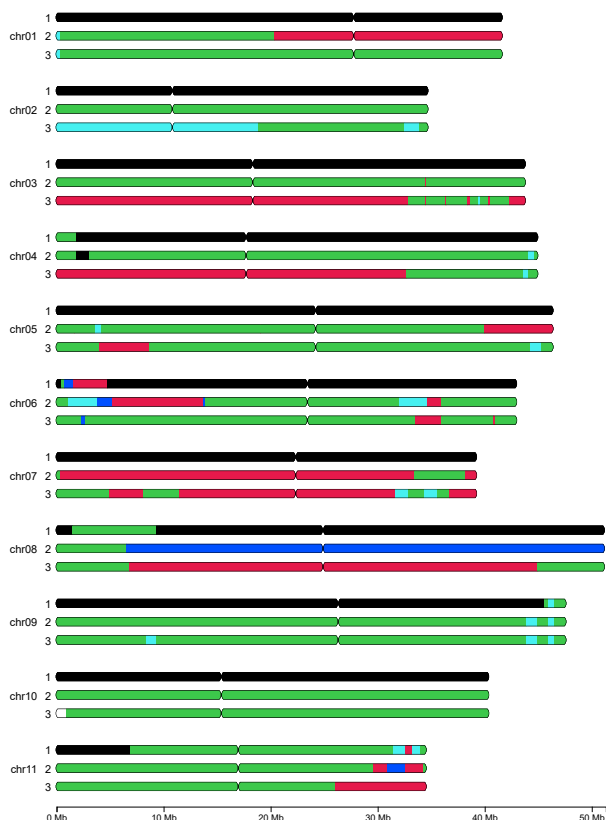
- Notes**
- Morphologically similar to Iholena
 - Flesh is yellow instead of salmon-orange
- Genomic features**
- Mosaics with 8 centromeres differing from Iholena
 - Stronger *M. a. zebrina* component (6 centromeres)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. malaccensis*



ITC1910 Arawa





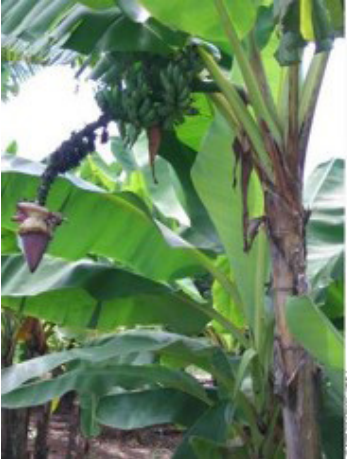


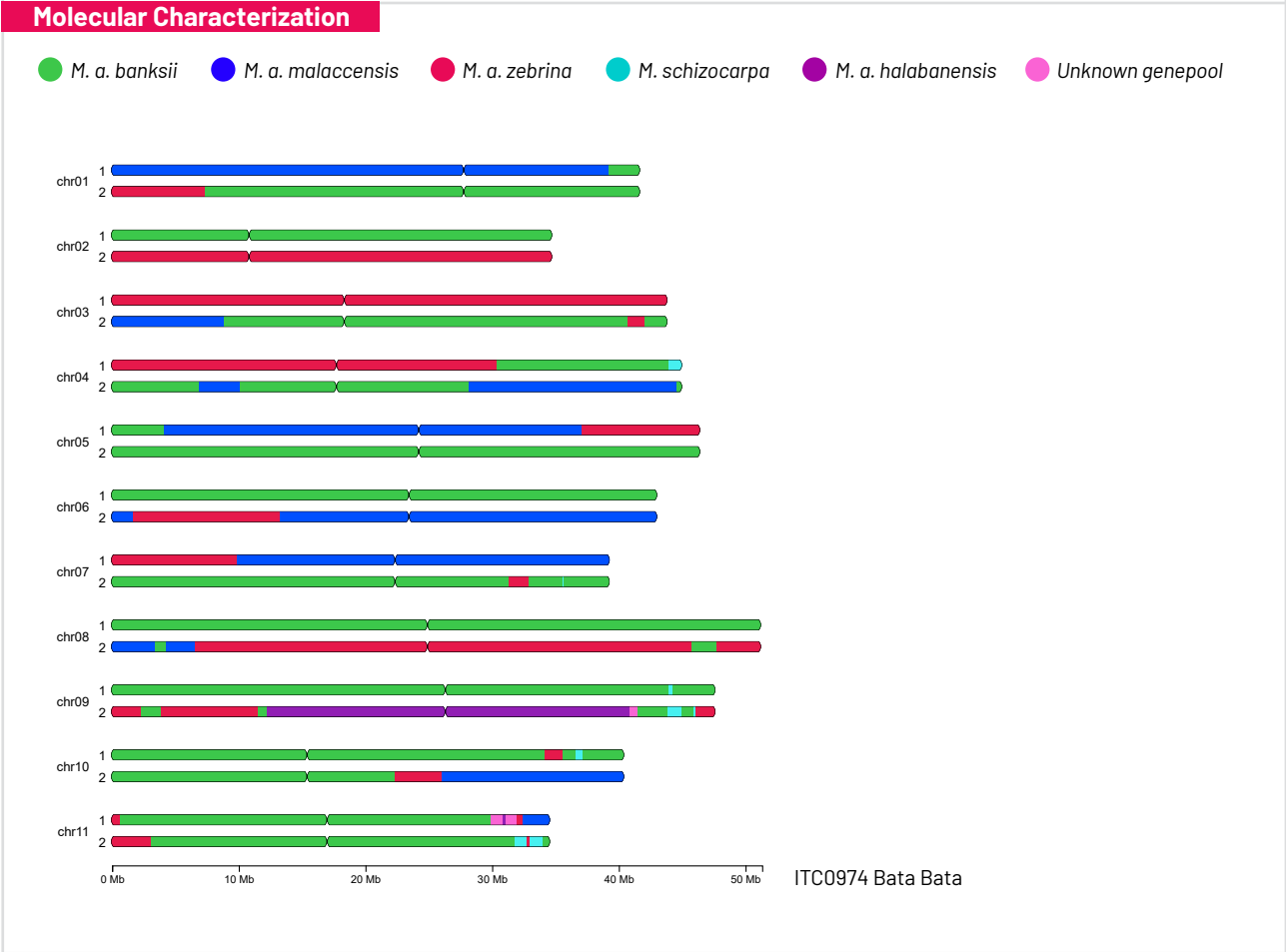
MORPHOLOGICALLY DISTINCT CLUSTERS

Bata Bata cluster

Passport Data		
Classification	Bata Bata (AA)	Notes Racadag (from the Philippines) and Pisang Mas Ayer (from Malaysia) also with this pattern
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Diploid (2n = 2x = 22)	Genomic features <i>M. a. ssp. banksii</i>, <i>M. schizocarpa</i>, <i>M. a. ssp. malaccensis</i>, <i>M. a. zebrina</i> and <i>M. a. halabanensis</i>
Main distribution area	The Philippines	
Uses	Dessert	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





AA genomic composition

Talasea cluster

Passport Data

Classification	Talasea (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea outer islands (very common in West New Britain)
Uses	Cooking

Notes

- Named after a district of New Britain Island and sold in markets locally
- Synonym: Misis
- Very pale fruits' skin, a reddish variant exist

Genomic features

- One of the many diploid landraces of PNG with *M. a. banksii*/*M. schizocarpa*/*M. A. zebrina* ancestries

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ITC1913 Talasea

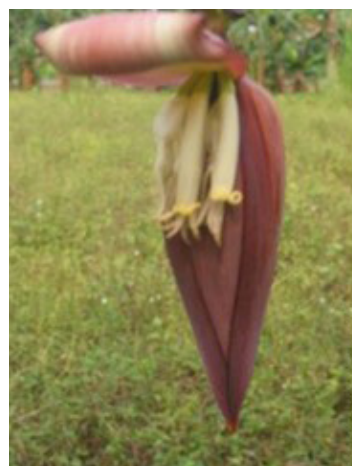
Te'engi cluster

Passport Data

Classification	Te'engi (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid ($2n = 2x = 22$)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea
Uses	Cooking and dessert

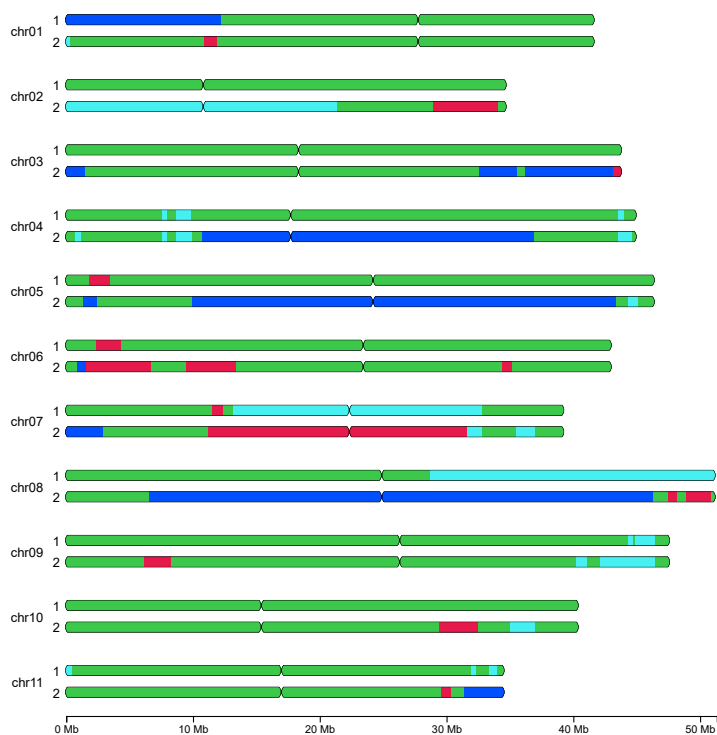
- Notes**
- Four different cultivars collected in the 1980's in Papua New Guinea (ITC0797 'Pama'; ITC0951 'Te'engi'; ITC1015 'Meinje' and ITC1211 'Vudu Beo')
- Genomic features**
- Holds a common small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 due to unbalanced crossing-over between *banksii* and *M. schizocarpa* (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa*



ABBT genomic composition

Buka cluster

Passport Data

Classification	Buka (ABBT)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Tetraploid (4x = 44)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea
Uses	Dessert and cooking

Notes

- Same mosaic than Bukayawa, also from Papua New Guinea, but Buka is a shorter variety

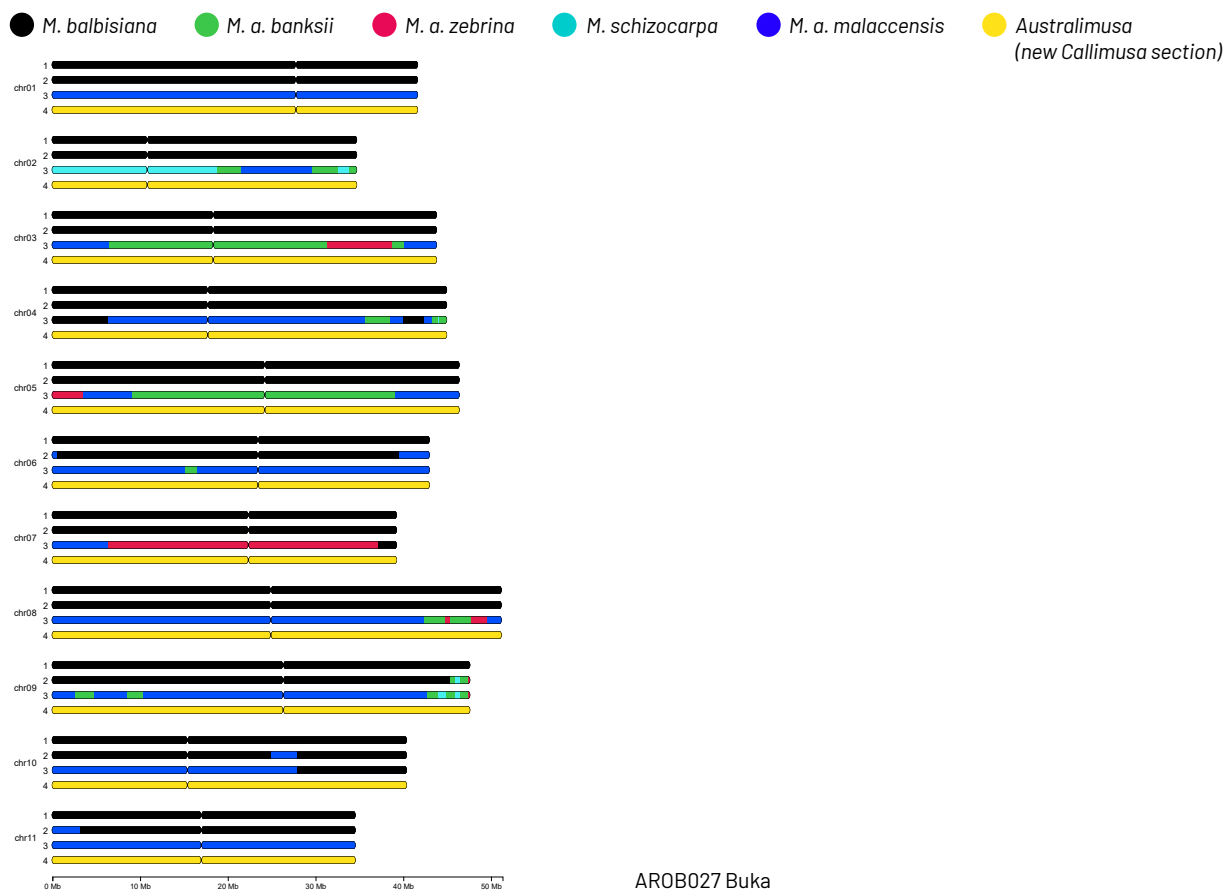
Genomic features

- Progeny of Pisang Awak (P. Awak 1) (3n gamete) and a Australimusa (1n gamete)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization







INDIVIDUAL ACCESSIONS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST

Khai Na On

Passport Data

Classification

Musa (AA)

Biological status

Cultivated

Ploidy

Diploid (2x = 22)

Main distribution area

Thailand

Uses

Dessert, breeding

Notes

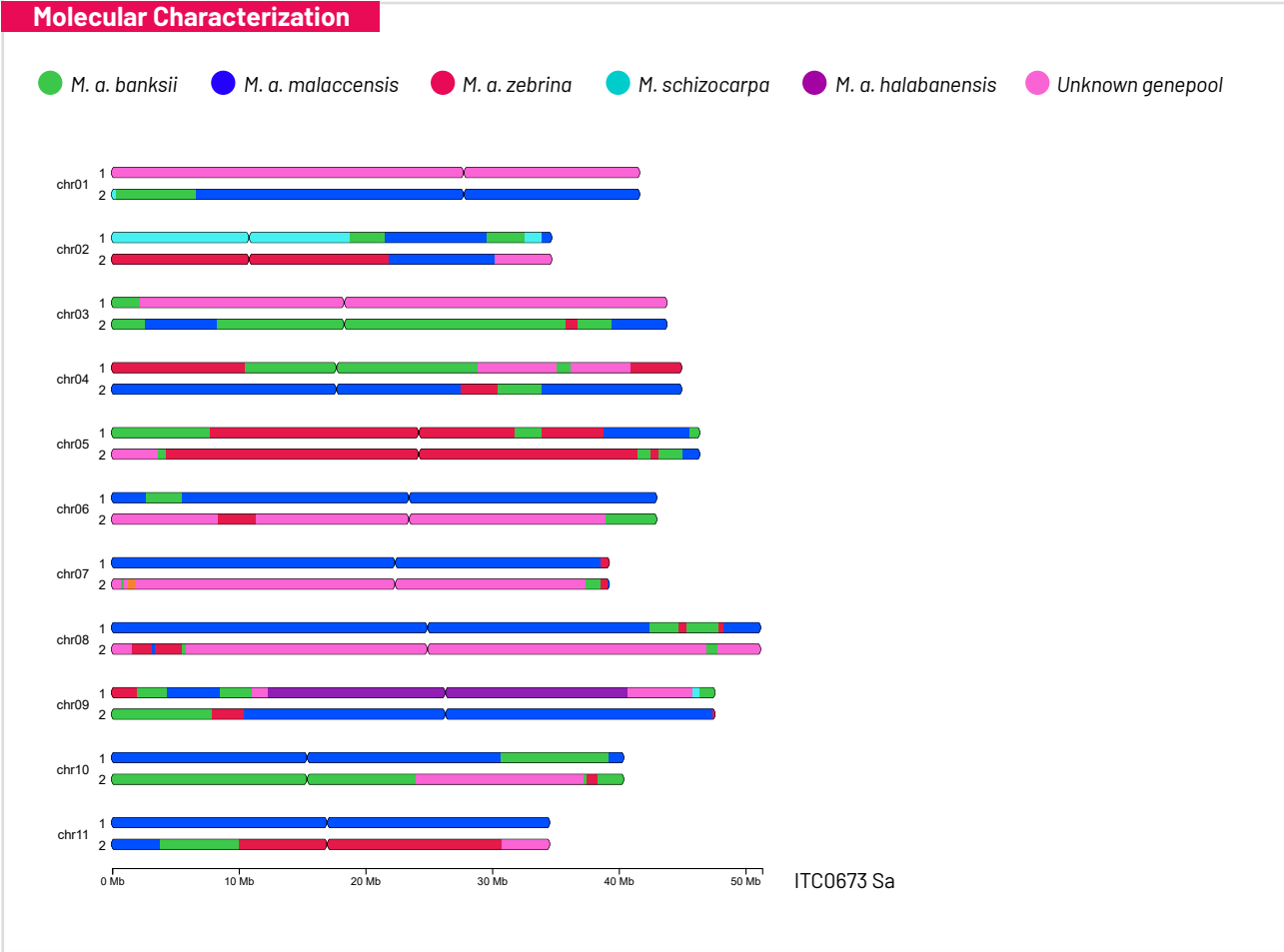
- Synonym: Sa

Genomic features

- N gamete parent of the Gros Michel

Morphological Characterization Pictures





Manang

Passport Data

Classification	Manang (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	The Philippines
Uses	Dessert

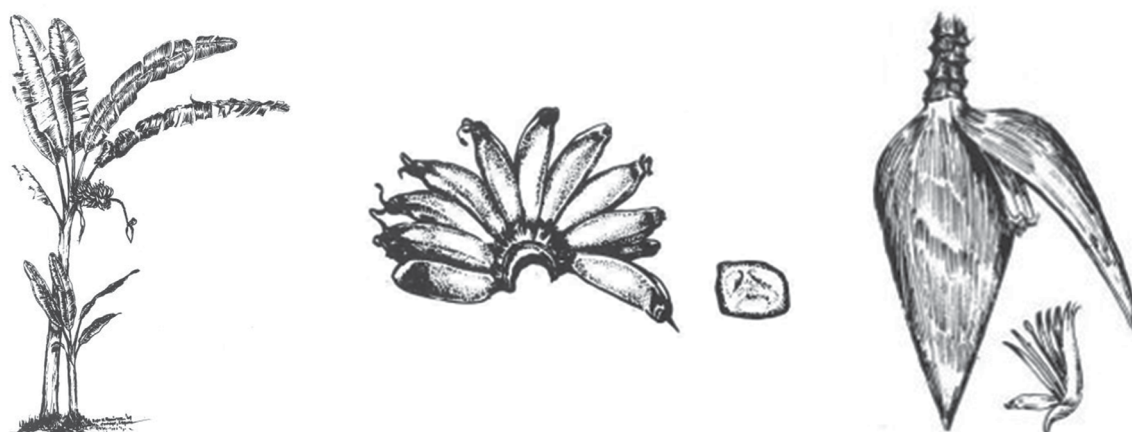
Notes

- Orange-yellow peel, reddish cigar leaf
- Said to have sweet and aromatic fruits
- Popular in the Bicol region

Genomic features

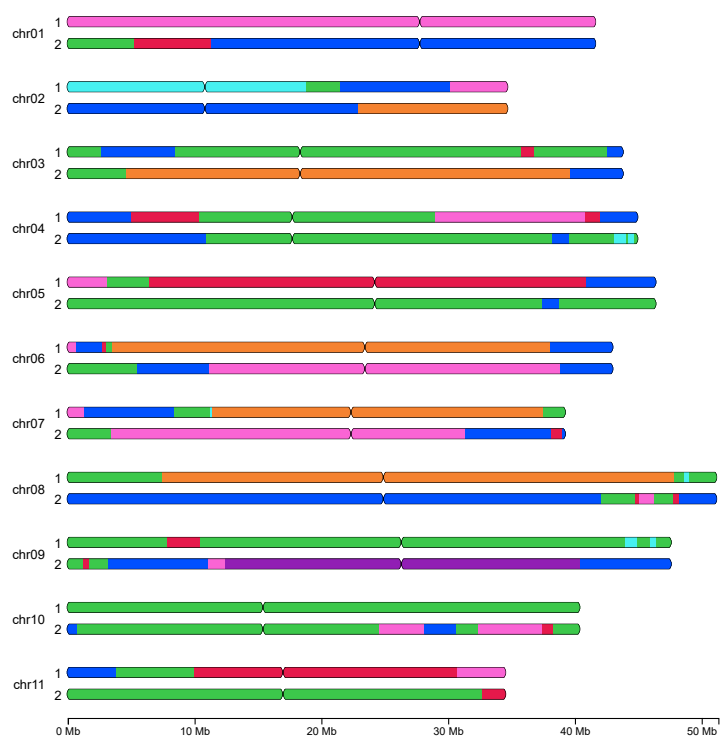
- Contribution of *M. a. burmannica*/
siamea (including 4 centromeres)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. burmannica*
● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown genepool



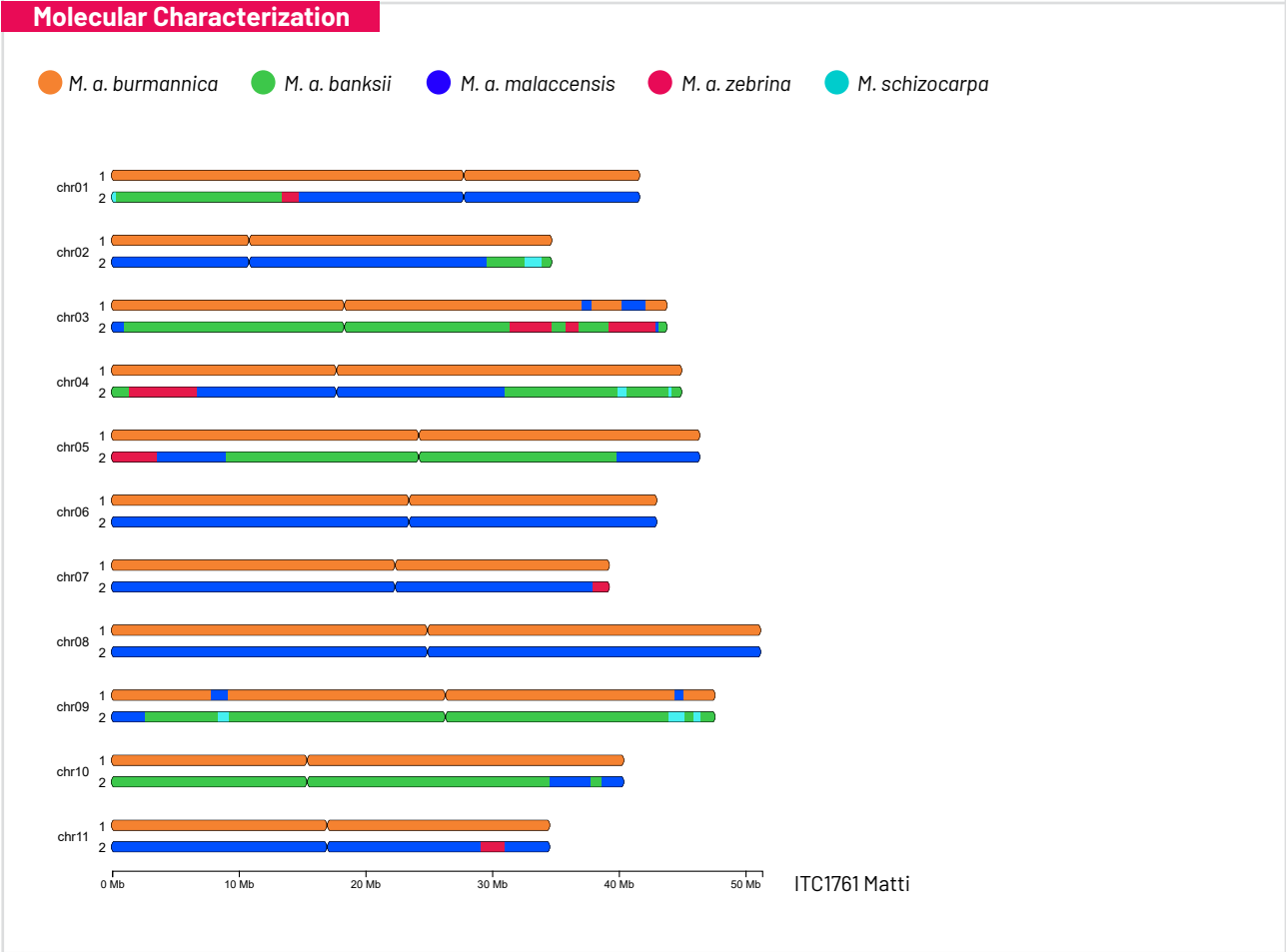
ITC1771 Manang

Matti

Passport Data		
Classification	Matti (AA)	Notes • Described as a rare plant in South India • 14–15 months from planting to harvest • Helps with easy digestion and is widely given to the 3–12 months old babies
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)	
Main distribution area	India	Genomic features • With nearly a full haplotype of <i>M. a. burmannica</i>/<i>siamea</i>
Uses	Unknown	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





Pisang Madu

Passport Data

Classification	Pisang Madu (AA)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)
Main distribution area	South-East Asia
Uses	Dessert

Notes

Genomic features

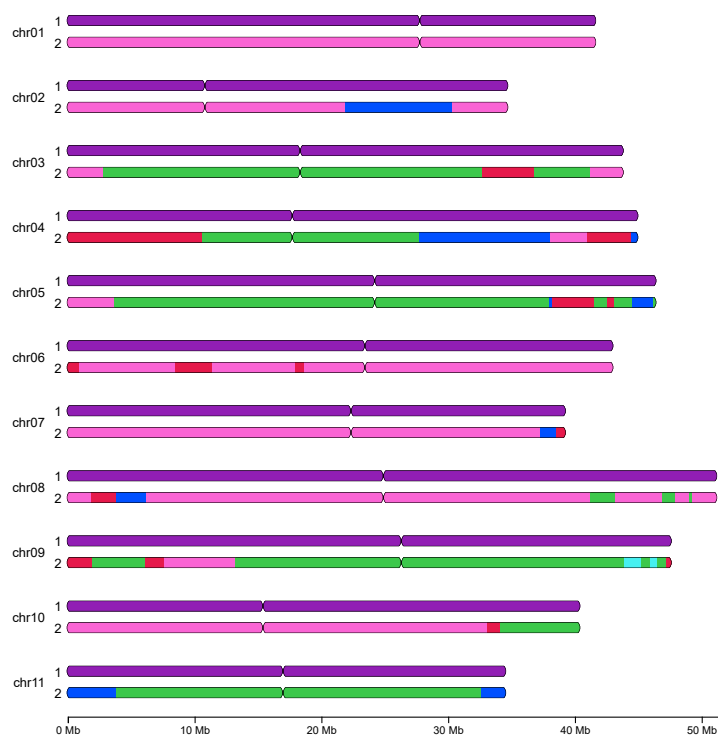
- Two main contributors, *M. a. halabanensis* and the unknown genepool
- Close to 1x gamete donor of Cavendish

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii*
● *M. a. malaccensis*
● *M. a. zebrina*
● *M. schizocarpa*
● *M. a. halabanensis*
● Unknown genepool



ITC0258 Pisang Madu

Pisang Pipit

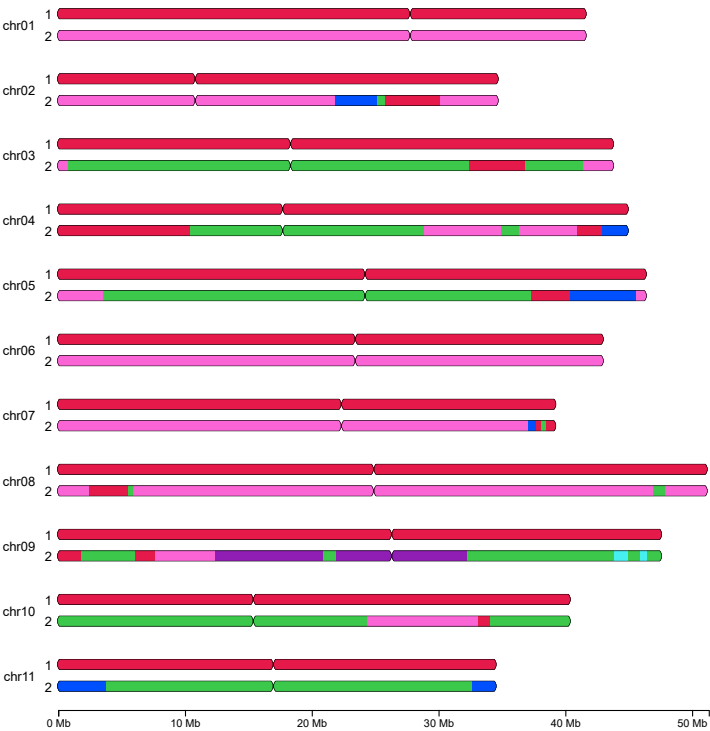
Passport Data		
Classification	Pisang Pipit (AA)	Notes
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Diploid (2x = 22)	
Main distribution area	South-East Asia	
Uses	Unknown	Genomic features
		• High contribution of <i>M. a. zebrina</i> and of the unknown genepool
		• Close to 1x gamete donor of Cavendish

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. halabanensis* ● Unknown genepool



ITC0685 Pisang pipit

ToiToi

Passport Data

Classification	ToiToi (AAS)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Bougainville (Papua New Guinea)
Uses	Unknown

Notes

- Only two known cultivars with a AAS genomic composition, both found in Papua New Guinea

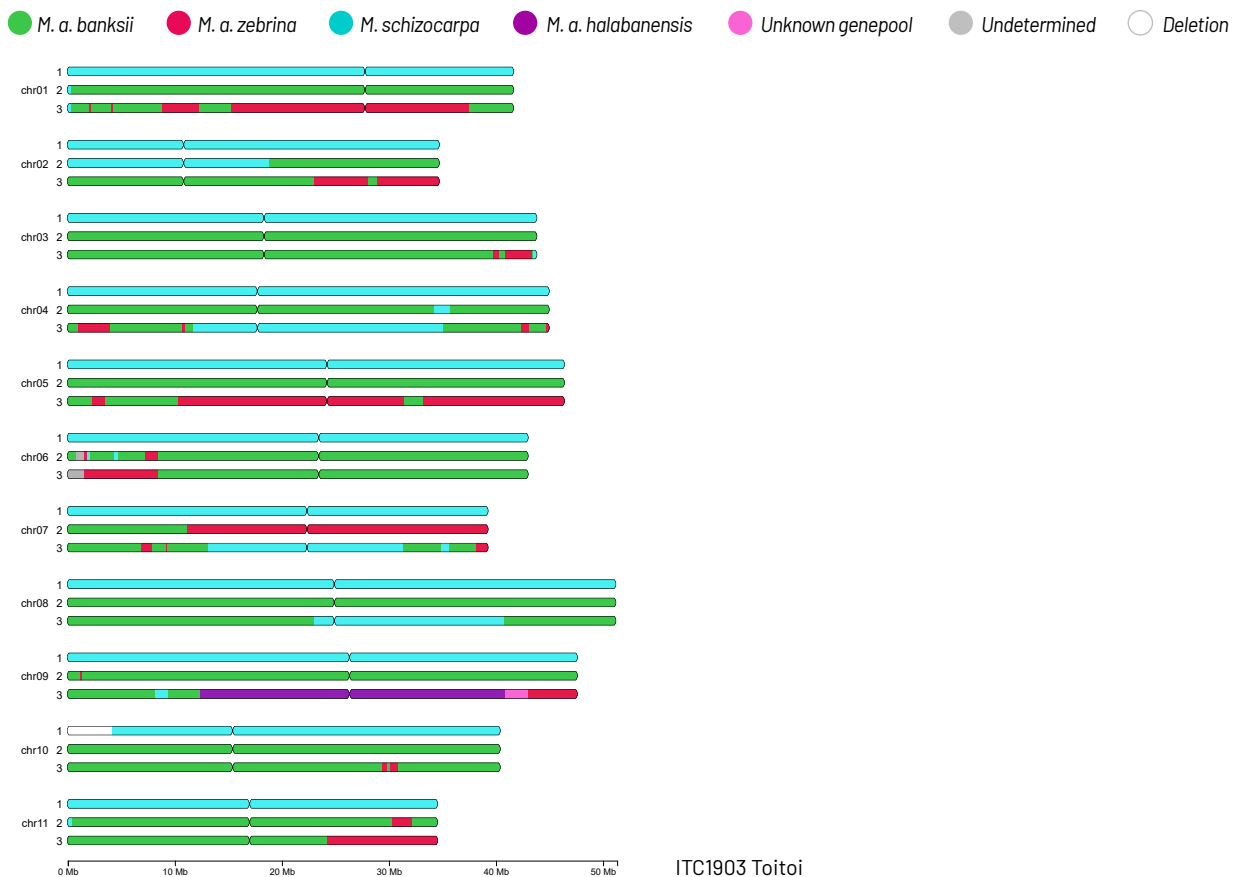
Genomic features

- It is composed of two haplotypes cultivated AA-like and one *M. schizocarpa* haplotype with a deletion on chromosome 10

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



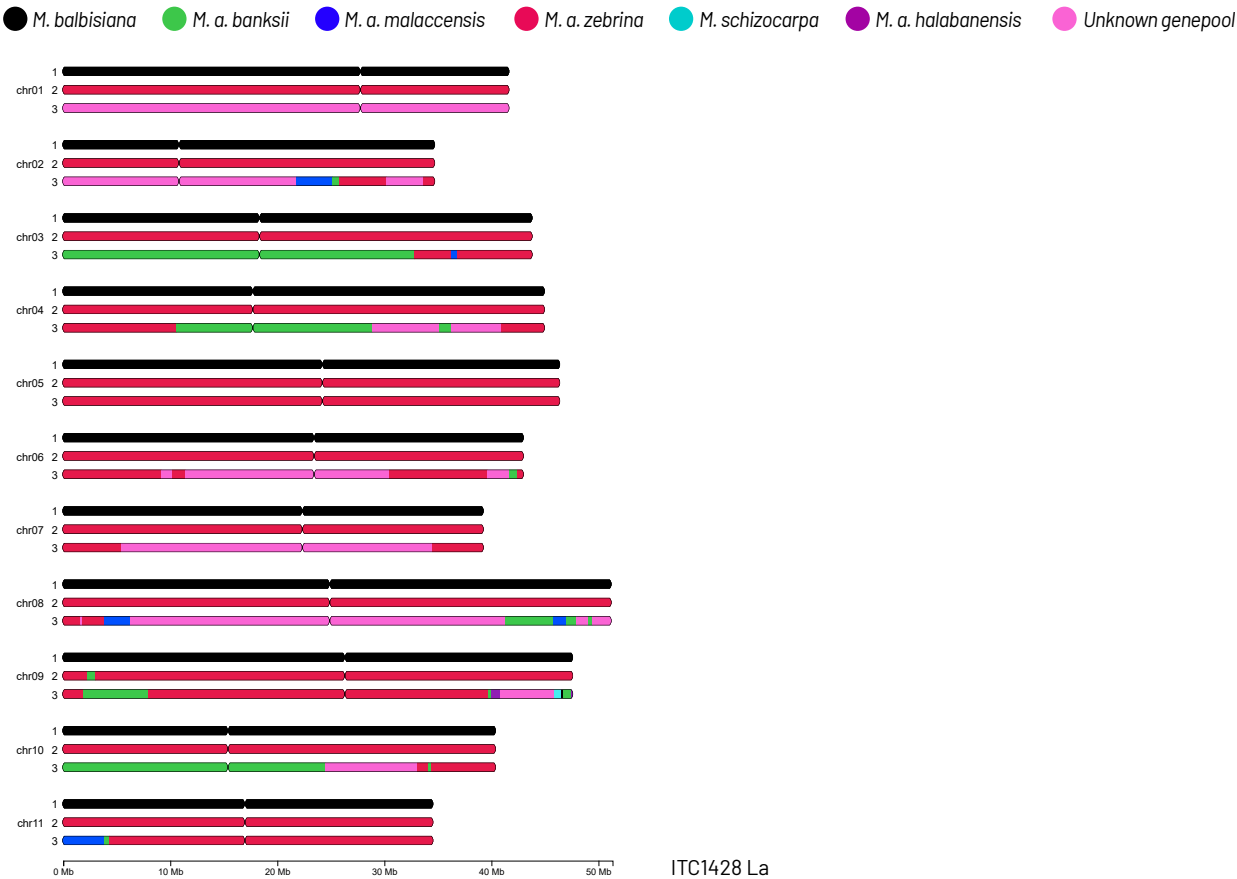
La

Passport Data		
Classification	La (AAB)	Notes Possibly Pisang Kelat
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features - One haplotype is full B - A main contribution from <i>M. a. zebrina</i> and the unknown ancestor
Main distribution area	Vietnam	
Uses	Unknown	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



AAB genomic composition

Pisang Slendang

Passport Data

Classification	Pisang Slendang (AAB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Indonesia
Uses	Unknown

Notes

Genomic features

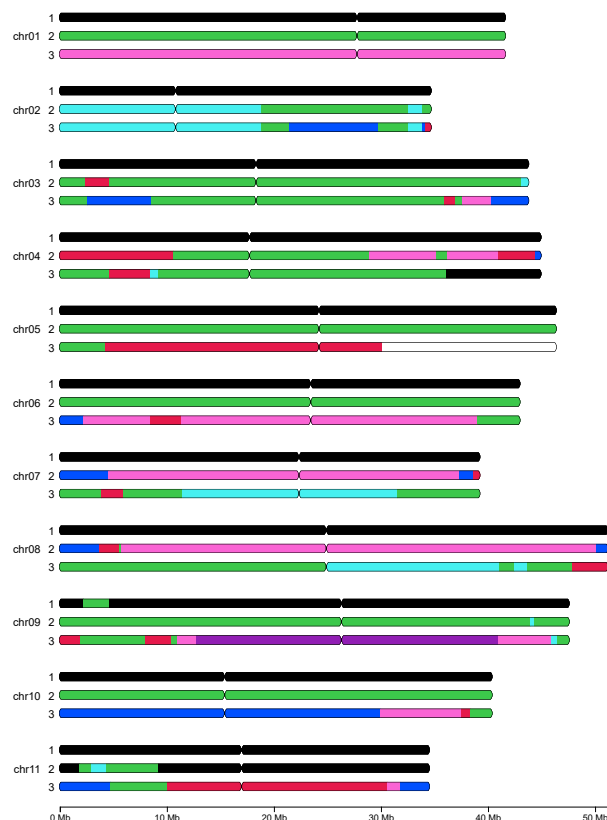
- Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

● *M. balbisiana* ● *M. a. banksii* ● *M. a. malaccensis* ● *M. a. zebrina* ● *M. schizocarpa* ● *M. a. halabanensis* ● Unknown genepool ○ Deletion



ITC1065 Pisang Slendang

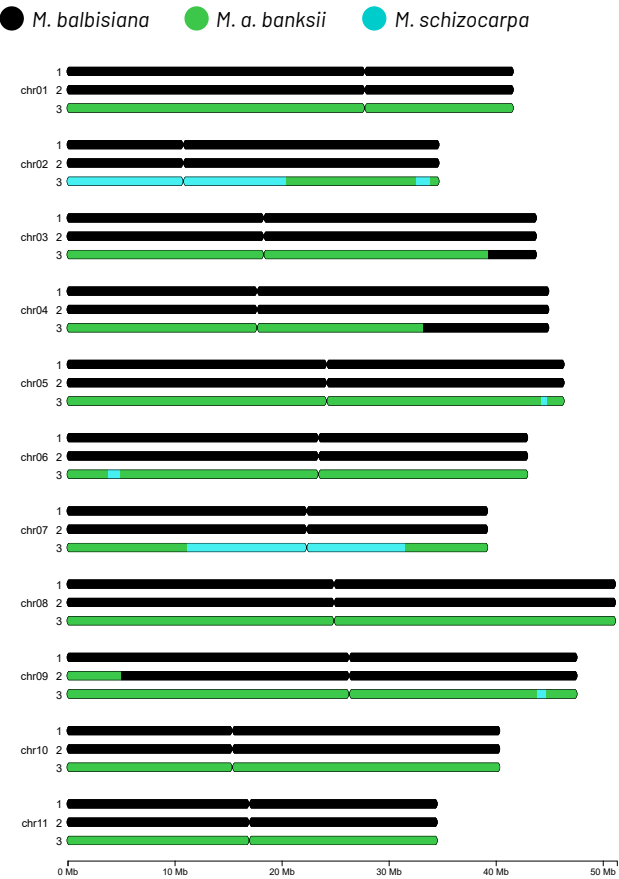
Auko

Passport Data		
Classification	Auko (ABB)	Notes • Vunapope is a synonym for Auko • Immune to Black Leaf Streak • Occasional seeds, no pollen
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea	Genomic features • The A genome contains only <i>M. a. banksii</i> and <i>M. schizocarpa</i> (no <i>zebrina</i>) • Flow cytometry indicates 2x and 3x cells: possible mixo-ploid chimera AB/ABB
Uses	Cooking (Vunapope) and dessert (Auko)	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



ITC0983 Auko

Choi Mit

Passport Data

Classification	Choi Mit (ABB)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)
Main distribution area	Vietnam
Uses	Unknown

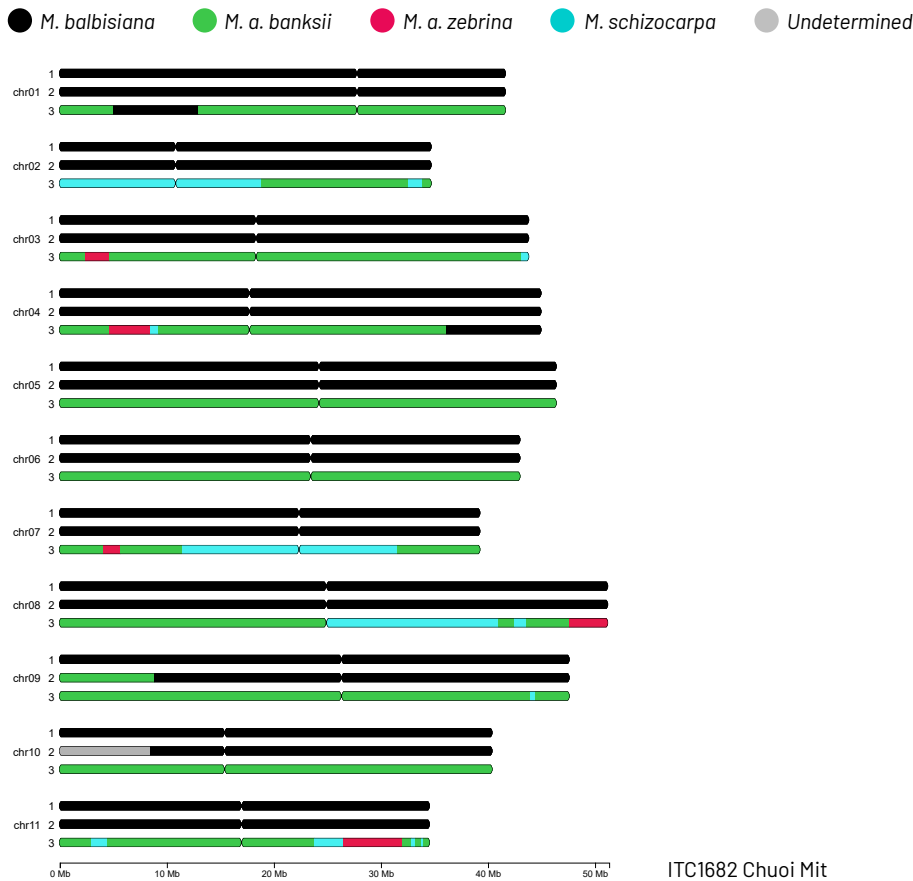
Notes

- Genomic features**
- A genome similar to the A genome found in the Bluggoe and Monthan patterns
 - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 due to unbalanced crossing-over between *banksii* and *M. schizocarpa* (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization

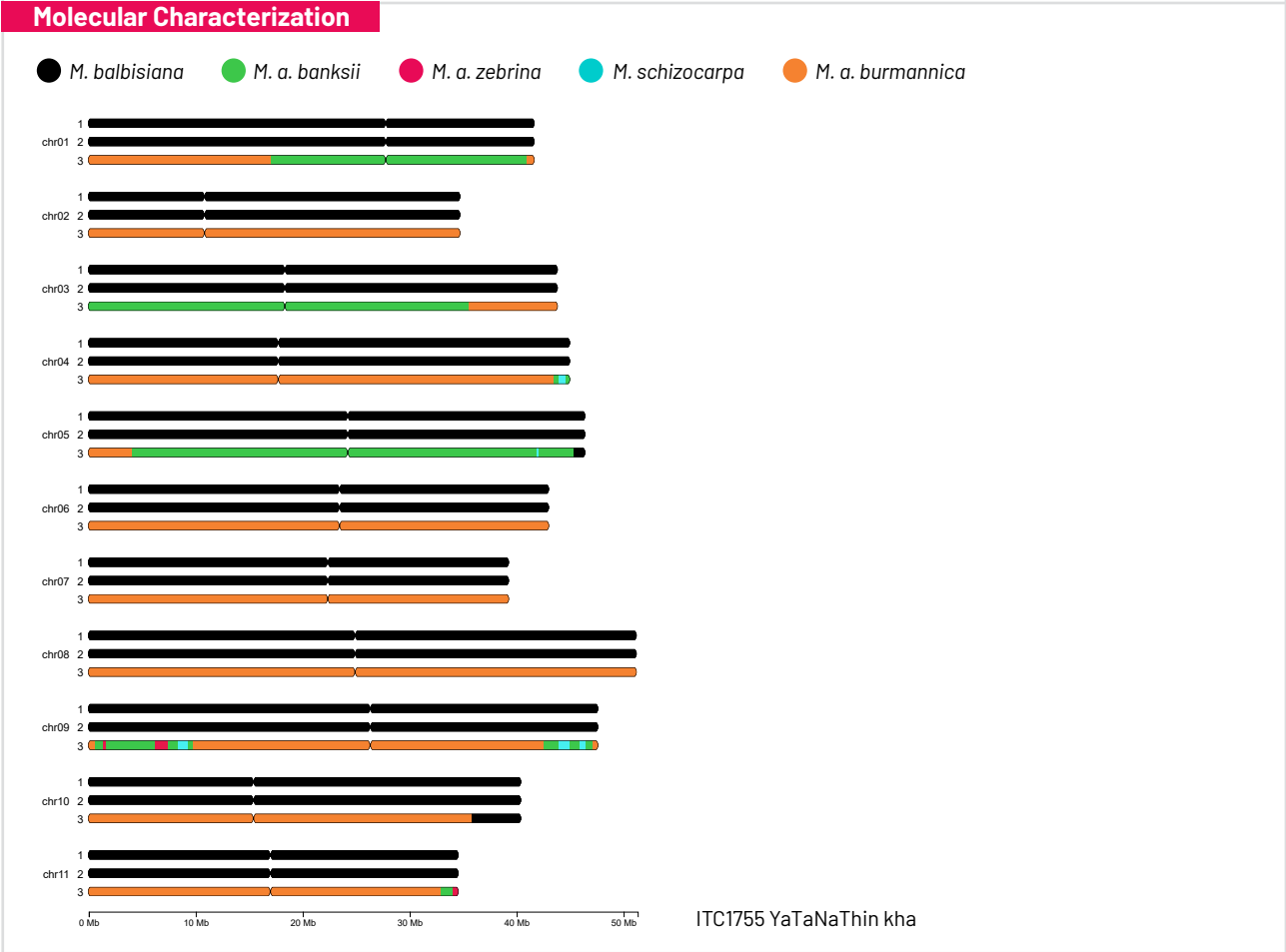


Ya Ta Na Thin kha

Passport Data		
Classification	Ya Ta Na Thin kha (ABB)	Notes • Obtained from a collecting mission without related information
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	Genomic features • High contribution from <i>M. a. ssp. burmanica</i>/<i>siamea</i> • A genome similar to Klue Tiparod A genome (possible pedigree relationship)
Main distribution area	Myanmar	
Uses	Unknown	

Morphological Characterization Pictures





ABX genomic composition

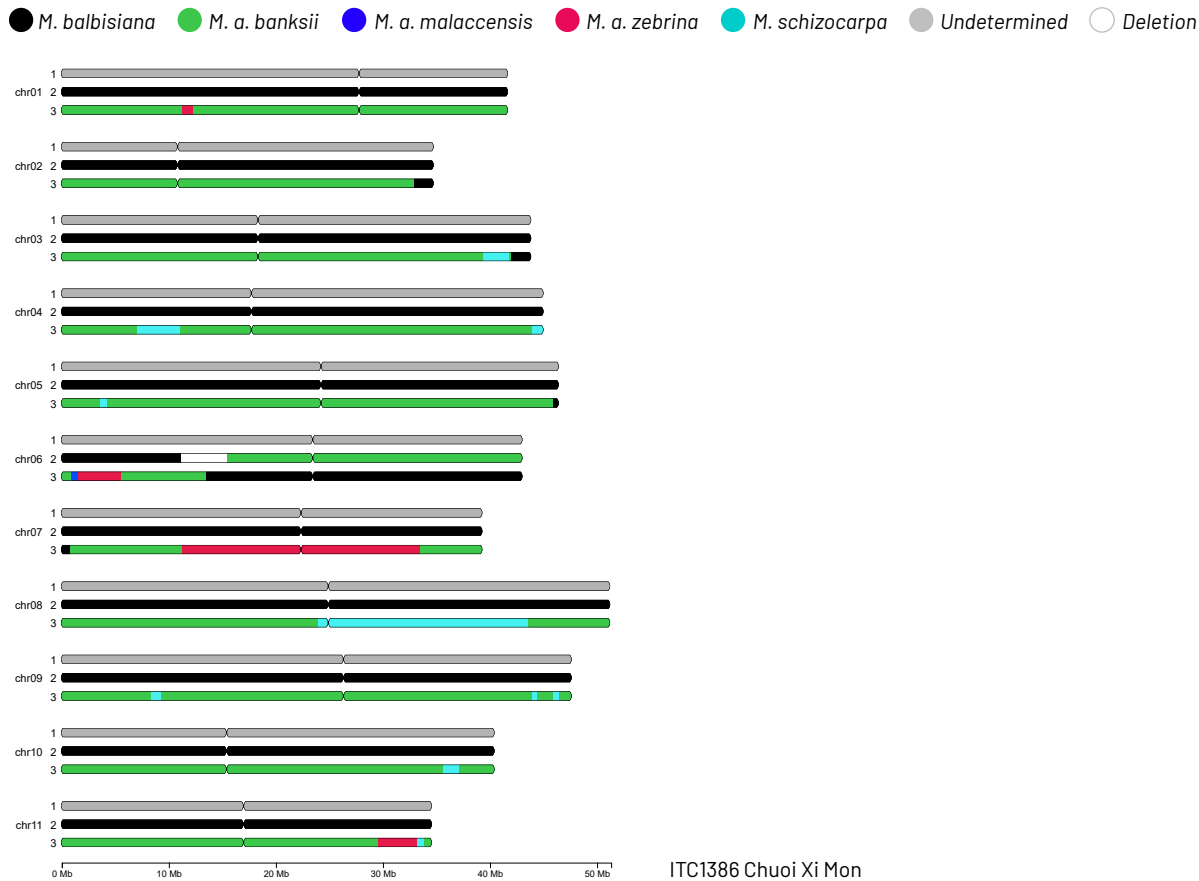
Chuoi Xi Mon

Passport Data		
Classification	Chuoi Xi Mon (ABX)	Notes Genomic features - Bears an unidentified genome - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 due to unbalanced crossing-over between <i>banksii</i> and <i>M. schizocarpa</i> (not shown)
Biological status	Cultivated	
Ploidy	Triploid (3x = 33)	
Main distribution area	Vietnam	
Uses	Unknown	

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



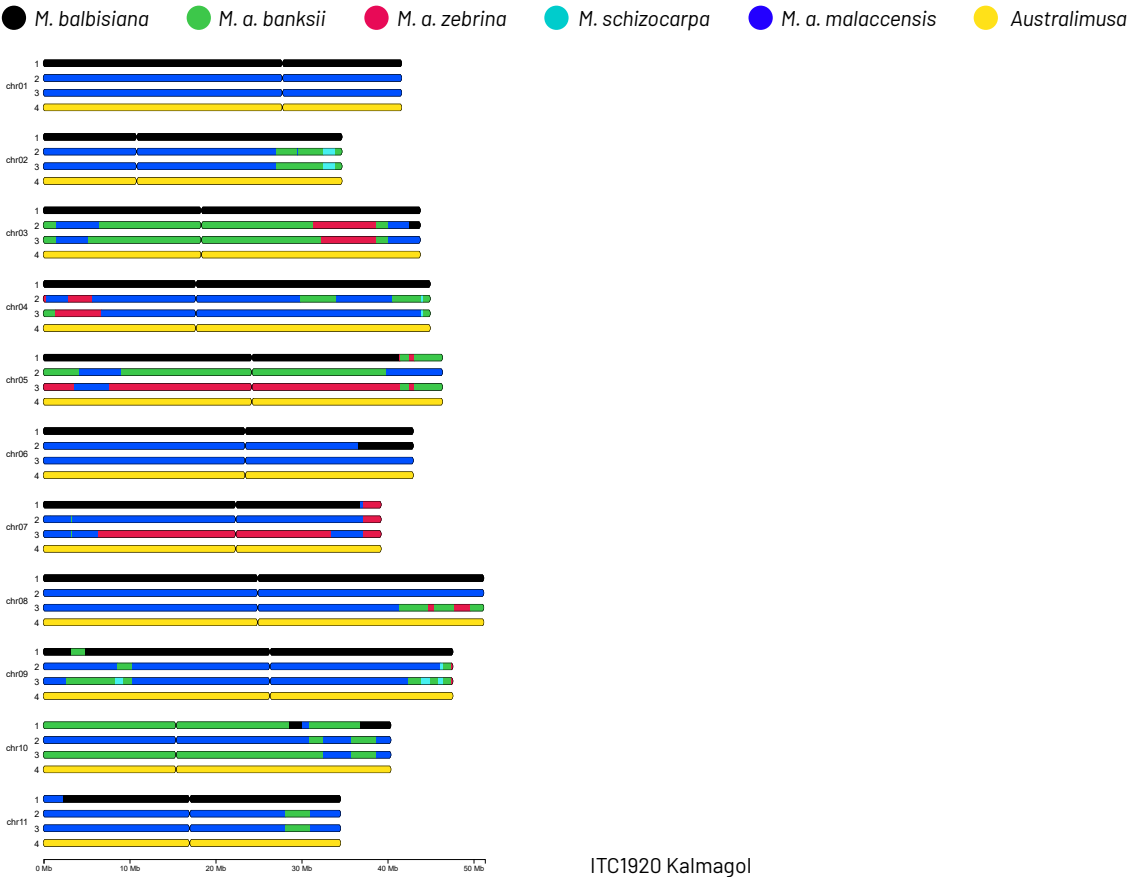
Kalmagol

Passport Data			
Classification	Kalmagol (AABT)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Tetraploid (4x = 44)		
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea (Bougainville Island)		
Uses	Dessert		
Notes	- Silk-like tetraploid hybrid - First described by P. Allen in the 1960's (as Kalamagol) during his collecting trip to Bougainville island. It was originally classified as AABB.		
Genomic features	It is a progeny from Silk-2 or alternative (3x gamete) and a <i>Australimusa</i> (1x gamete)		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



Bengani

Passport Data

Classification	Bengani (ABBT)
Biological status	Cultivated
Ploidy	Tetraploid (4x = 44)
Main distribution area	Papua New Guinea
Uses	Cooking

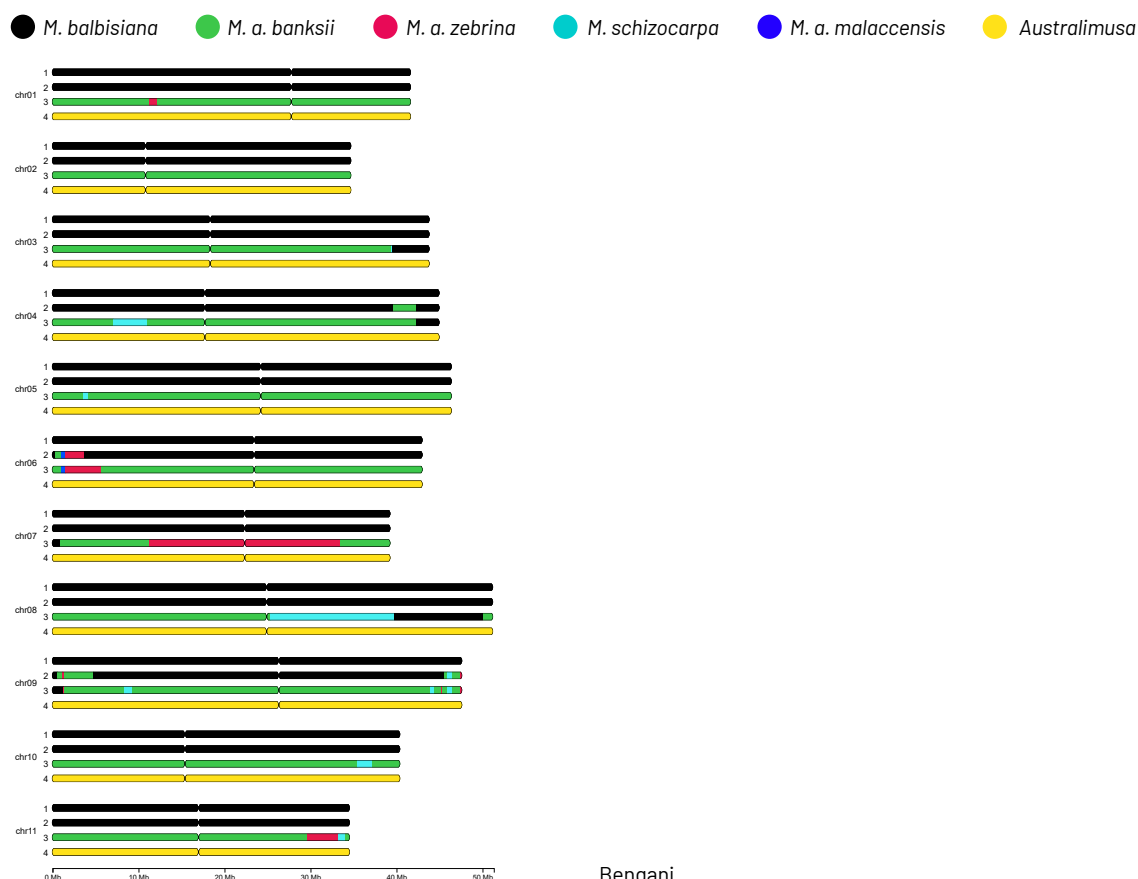
- Notes**
- Common in Papua New Guinea
 - Sold in markets of Port Moresby

- Genomic features**
- Progeny of Kalapua 2 (3n gamete) and a *Australimusa* (1n gamete)
 - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization



Bengani

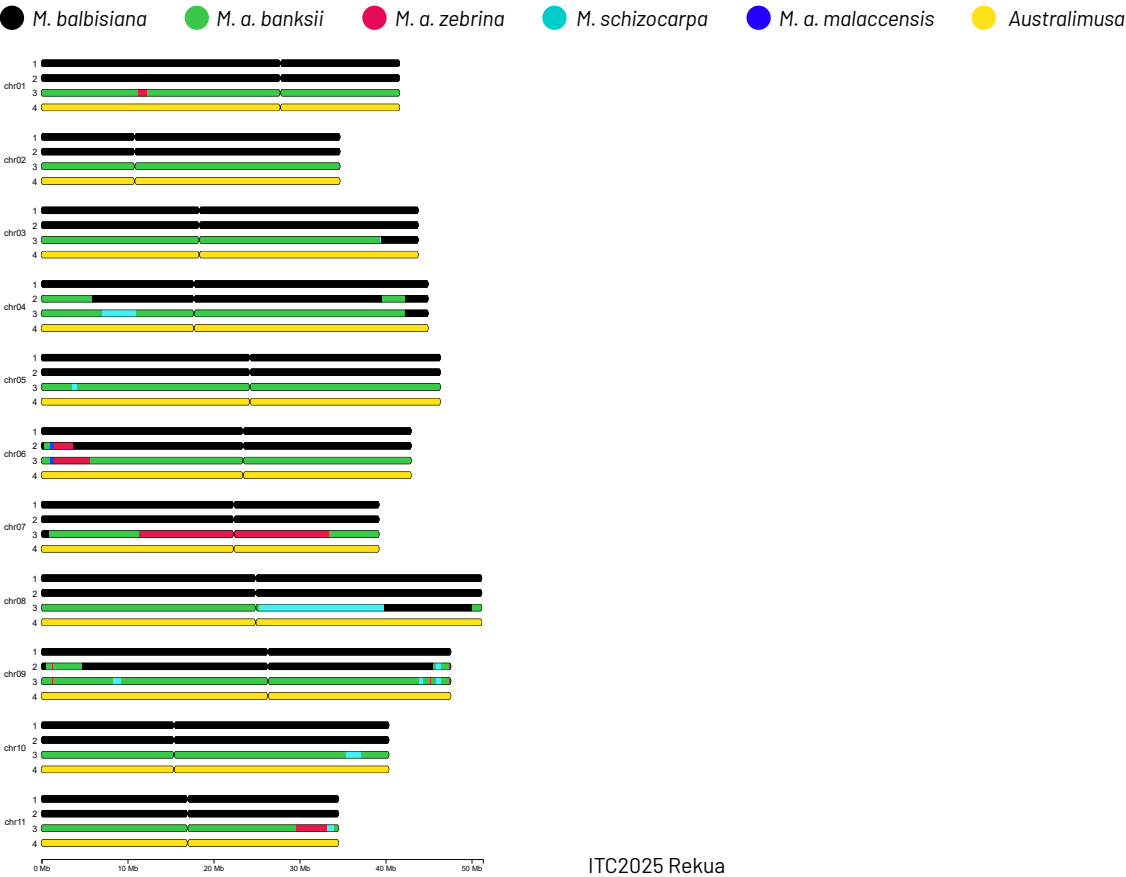
Rekua

Passport Data			
Classification	Rekua (ABBT)		
Biological status	Cultivated		
Ploidy	Tetraploid (4x = 44)		
Main distribution area	Cook Islands		
Uses	Cooking		
Notes	- Kalapua-derived tetraploid hybrid - Rare cultivar, only a couple of plants left in Cook Islands - Linked to a traditional chant about the warrior chief Purekua		
Genomic features	- Progeny of Kalapua-1 (3x gamete) and <i>Australimusa</i> (1x gamete) - Small duplicated region in the centromeric zone of chr. 8 (not shown)		

Morphological Characterization Pictures



Molecular Characterization





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